

# The effects of extreme weather on the European transport system: an analysis based on media reports

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Riitta Molarius<sup>1</sup>, Pekka Leviäkangas<sup>2</sup>, Jaana Keränen<sup>1</sup>,  
Ilkka Juga<sup>3</sup> and Andrea Vajda<sup>3</sup>

1 VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland

2 Economic Sciences and Business Studies, University of Oulu

3 Finnish Meteorological Institute

## Introduction

- Find links between extreme weather events and the regional vulnerability of transportation in Europe.
- The same meteorological phenomenon has different impacts on societies in different parts of Europe.
- The study was implemented by using local and nationwide media reports as empirical material.
- The study was undertaken within the EWENT project (Extreme Weather impacts on European Networks of Transport 2010-2012, FP7) [www.event.vtt.fi](http://www.event.vtt.fi)

## Definitions

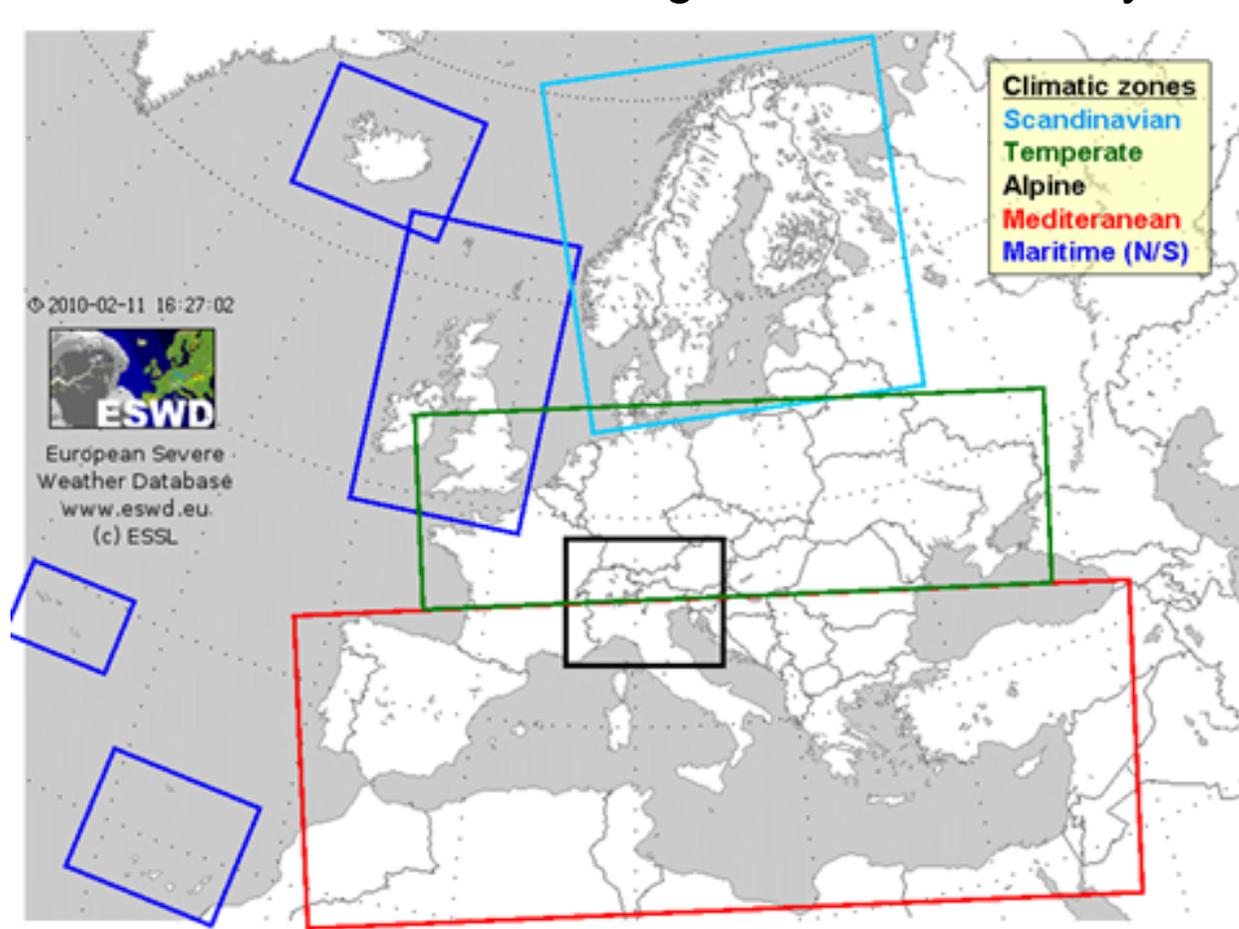
- The term "extreme event"
  - The severe weather event that cause extensive impacts on transportation network in European countries.
  - Notable, that the high-impact weather does not always need to be very extreme (the consequences could nevertheless be major).
    - Frequency (return period)
    - Previous occurrence of the event
    - The degree the society is prepared.

## Temporal or long-lasting weather event

- A brief, high intensity event that causes immediate impacts
  - e.g storms, heavy rain, heavy snow
  - Damaged infrastructure, disruptions in transport flows.
  
- Slowly evolving weather events
  - e.g. long cold periods or heat waves
  - Delays of transportation system.

# Classification of the climatologically similar European regions

- The classification was used as a ground for this study



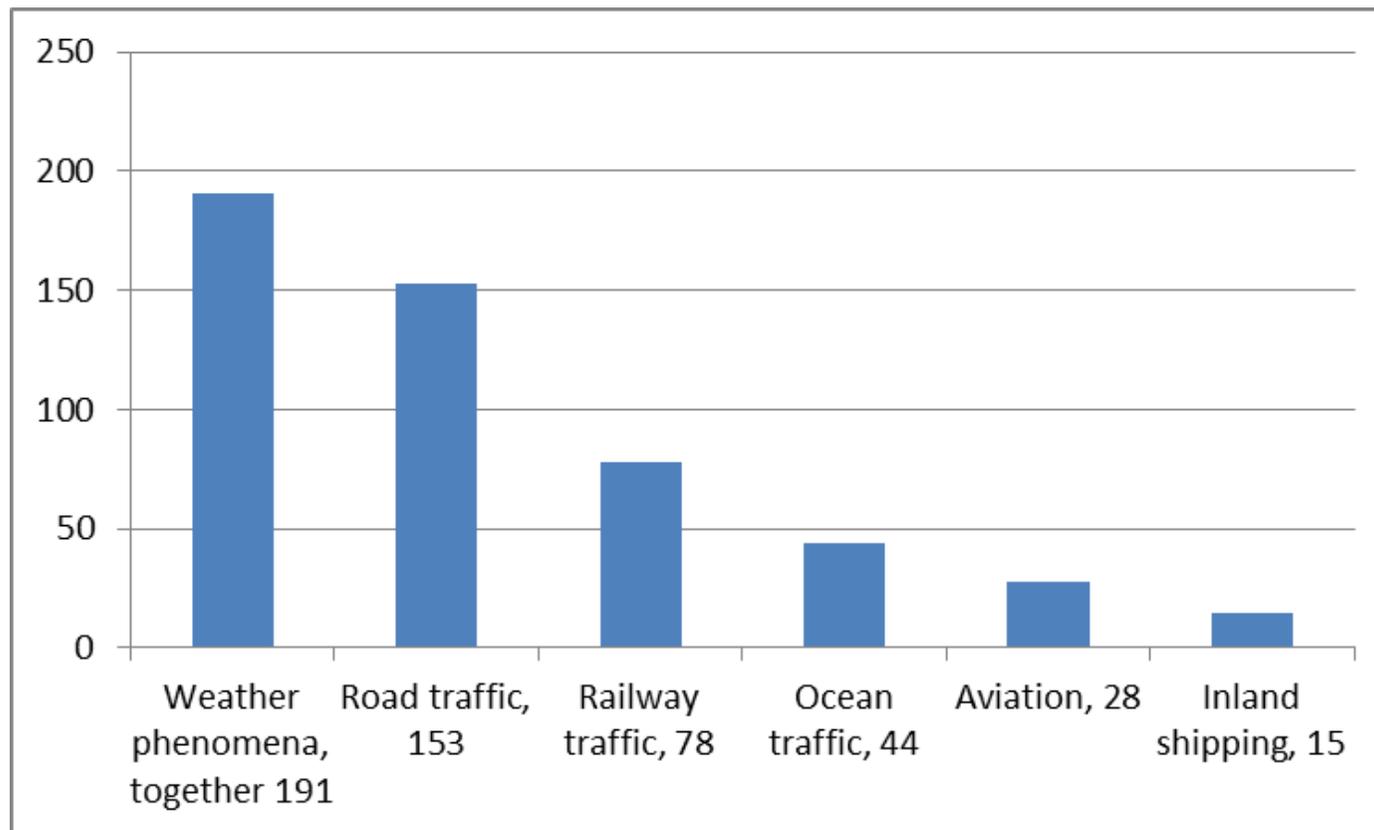
Reference ESSL

## Content analysis of media data

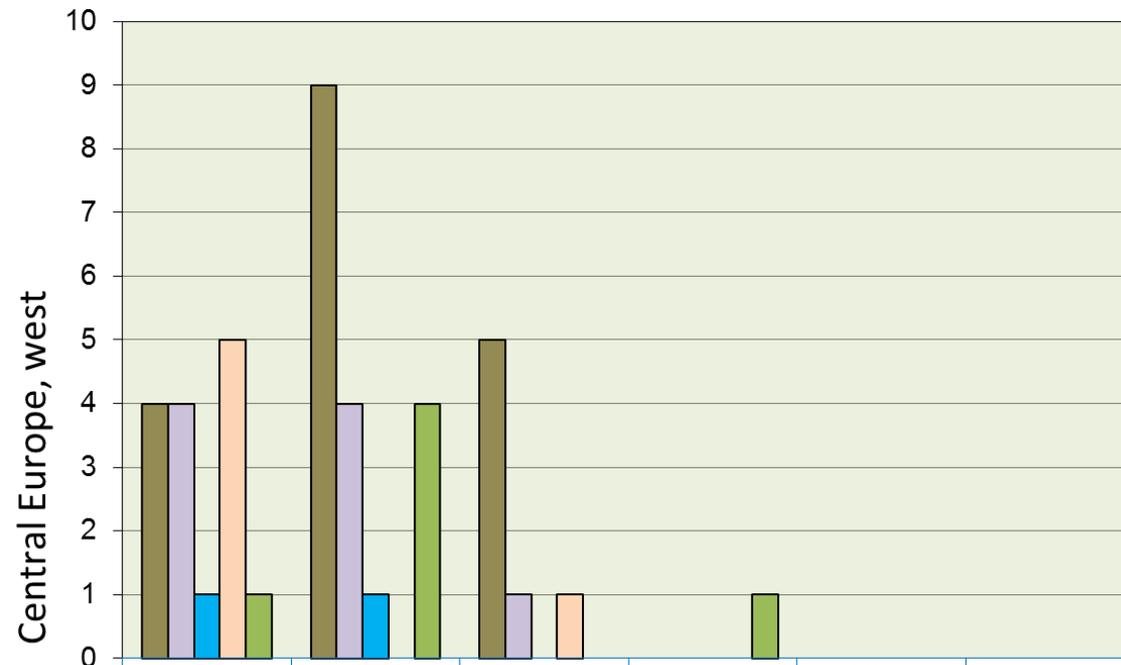
- What kind of weather is regarded as being extreme or adverse in different countries?
- A deeper insight into the disaster and its consequences from the injured society point of view
- The Europe-wide viewpoint made it necessary to compare the consequences in different parts of Europe
- Weather events in news were often exceptional by their nature

## News data

- Media database include 191 different weather events (1.1.2000 –10.9.2010)
- 29 large autumn or winter storms (European-wide storms)

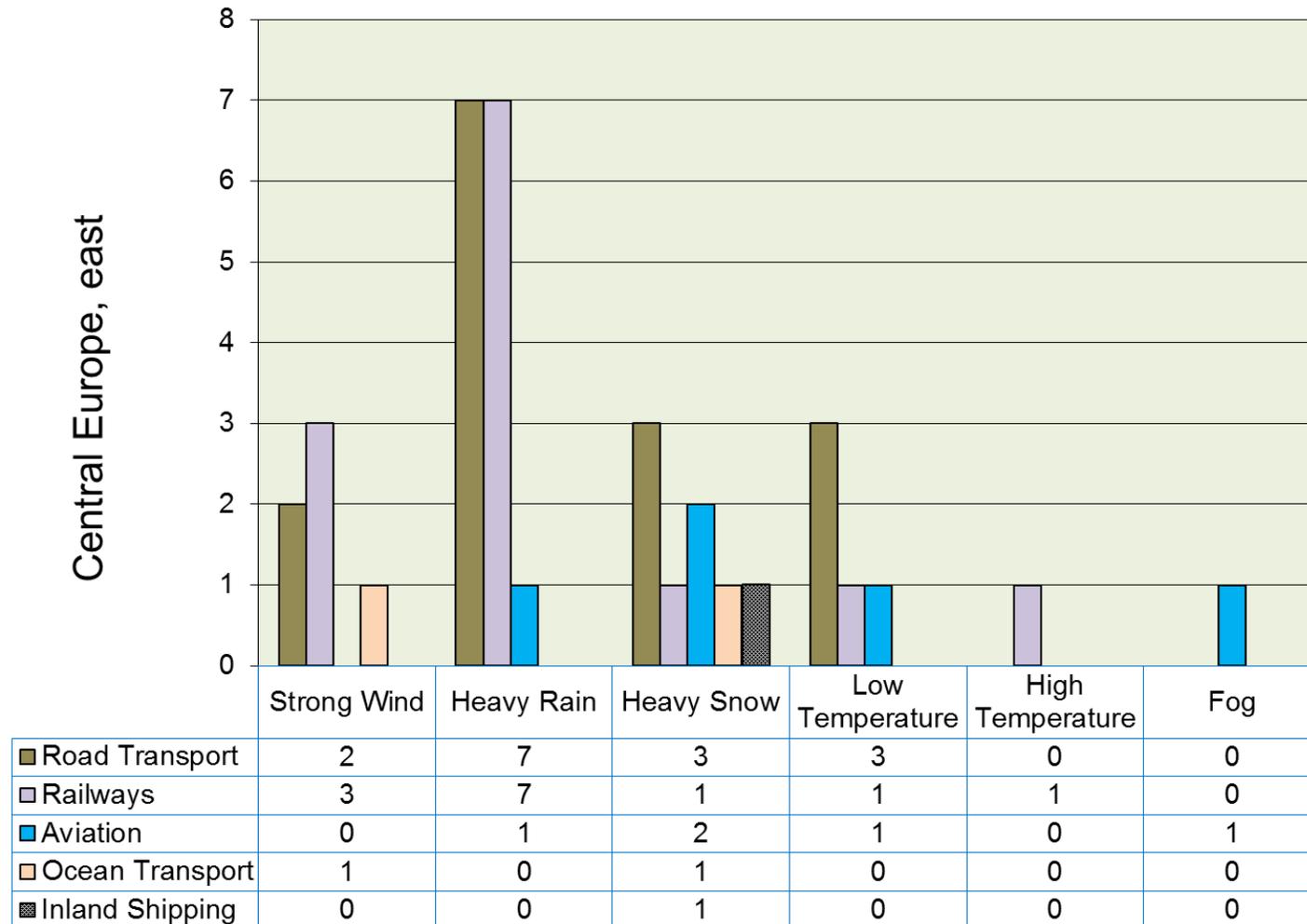


## Western Central Europe

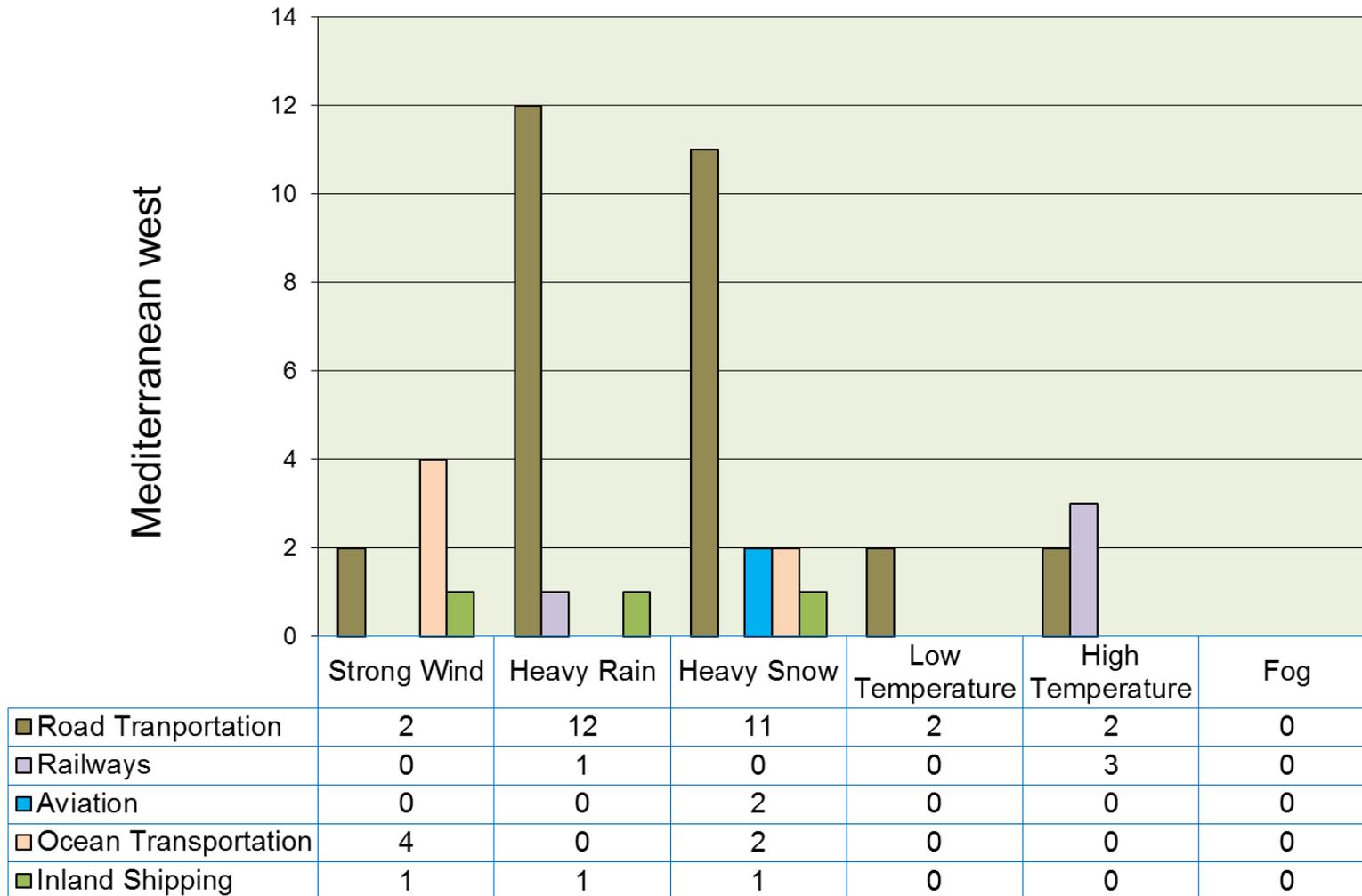


■ Road transport	4	9	5	0	0	0
■ Railways	4	4	1	0	0	0
■ Aviation	1	1	0	0	0	0
■ Ocean Transport	5	0	1	0	0	0
■ Inland Shipping	1	4	0	1	0	0

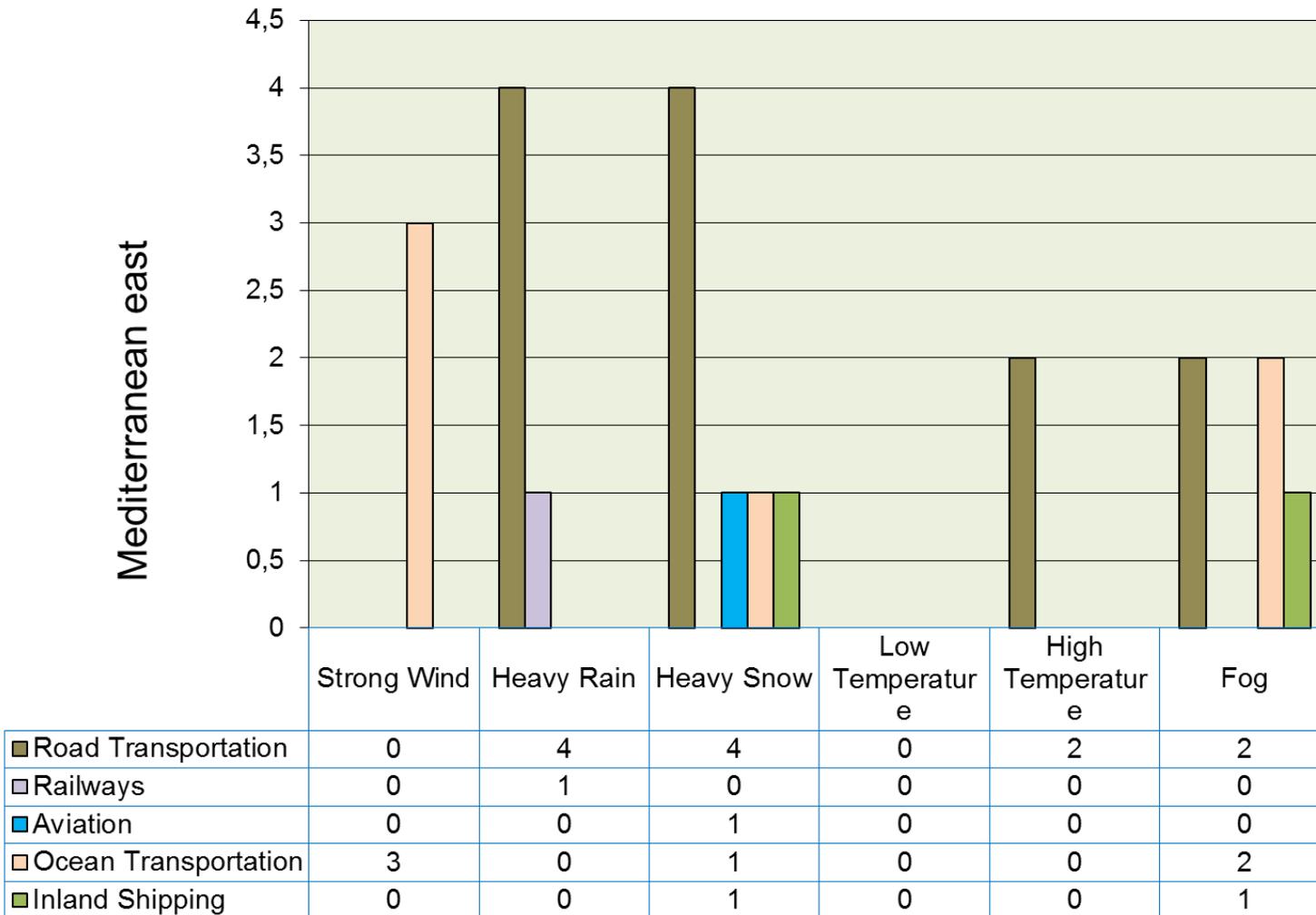
## Eastern Central Europe



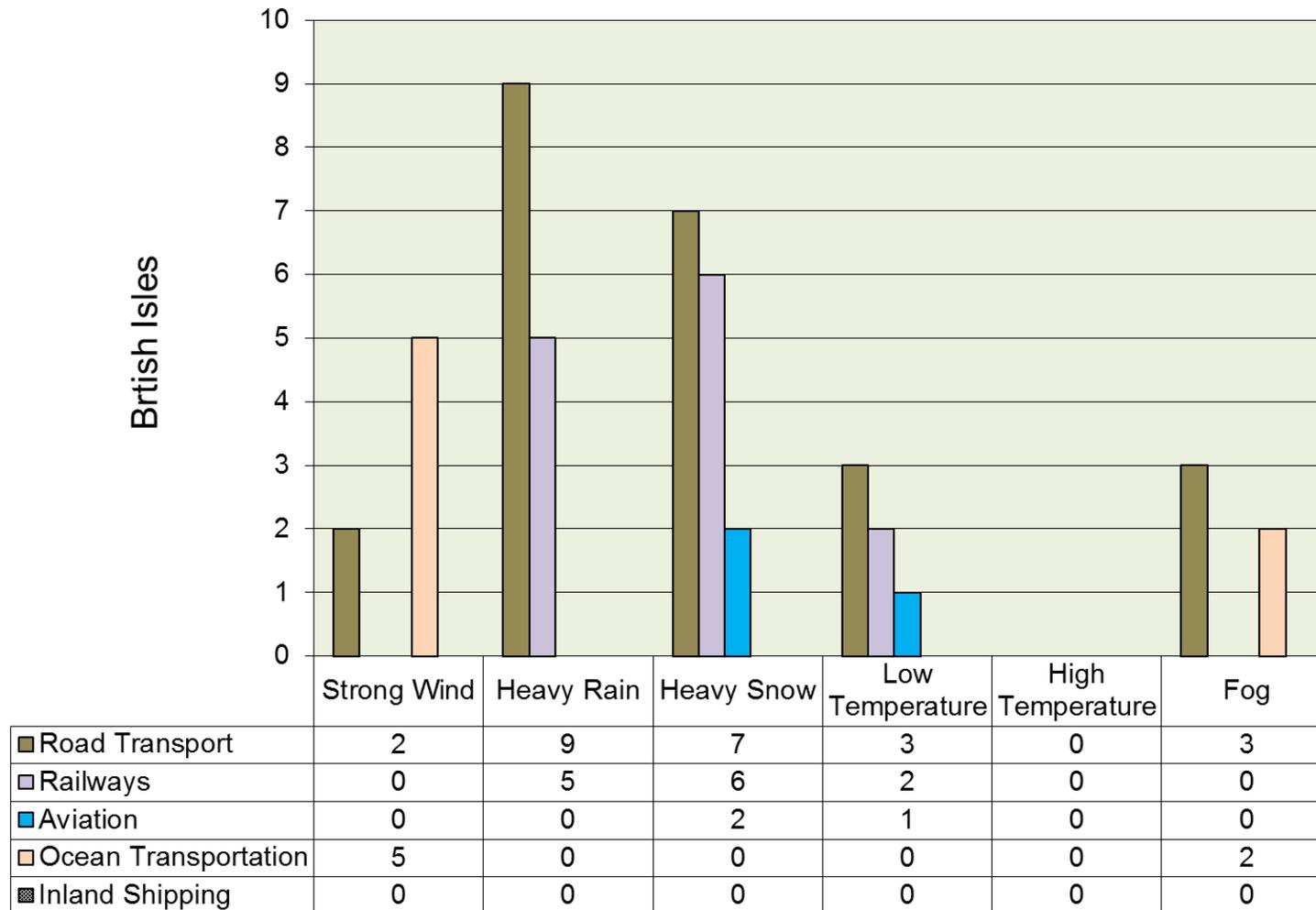
## Western Mediterranean



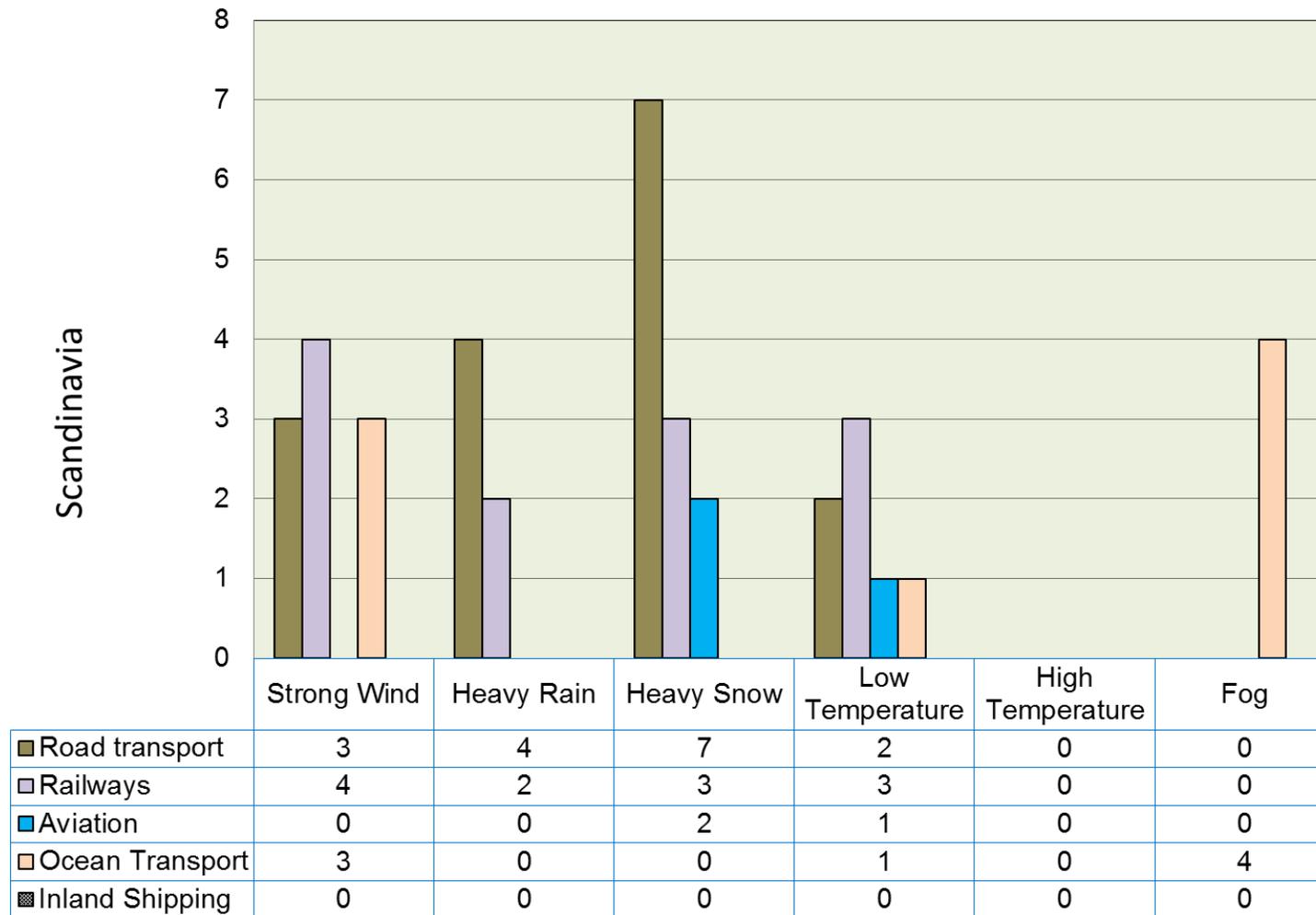
## Eastern Mediterranean



## British Isles



## Scandinavia



## Conclusions

- "Extreme events" are not the same in different parts of Europe.
- According to this study, the most harmful phenomenon is heavy rain, and road transportation system is most affected by it.
- The second harmful phenomenon is heavy snow, especially in Scandinavian, but also in British Isles and in Central part of Europe.
- Strong winds are affecting road and rail transportation systems, and the impacts on road and rail systems seem to be more often noted than on aviation.
- Aviation seems to be more resilient mode of the transportation than the usual media image would lead to believe.

*Thank you for your attention!*



**JAANA KERÄNEN**  
Research Scientist, M.Sc. (Tech.)  
Risk Management

Tel. +358 20 722 3360  
Mobile +358 400 512 336  
Fax +358 20 722 3499  
Email [jaana.keranen@vtt.fi](mailto:jaana.keranen@vtt.fi)

**VTT TECHNICAL RESEARCH CENTRE OF FINLAND**  
Tekniikankatu 1, Tampere  
P.O. Box 1300  
FI-33101 Tampere, Finland

[www.vtt.fi](http://www.vtt.fi)



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