

The effects of extreme weather on the European transport system: an analysis based on media reports

ECSS 2013

7th European Conference on Severe Storms, Helsinki
Riitta Molarius¹, Pekka Leviäkangas², Jaana Keränen¹,
Ilkka Juga³ and Andrea Vajda³

1 VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland

2 Economic Sciences and Business Studies, University of Oulu

3 Finnish Meteorological Institute

Introduction

- Find links between extreme weather events and the regional vulnerability of transportation in Europe.
- The same meteorological phenomenon has different impacts on societies in different parts of Europe.
- The study was implemented by using local and nationwide media reports as empirical material.
- The study was undertaken within the EWENT project (Extreme Weather impacts on European Networks of Transport 2010-2012, FP7) www.event.vtt.fi

Definitions

- The term "extreme event"
 - The severe weather event that cause extensive impacts on transportation network in European countries.
 - Notable, that the high-impact weather does not always need to be very extreme (the consequences could nevertheless be major).
 - Frequency (return period)
 - Previous occurrence of the event
 - The degree the society is prepared.

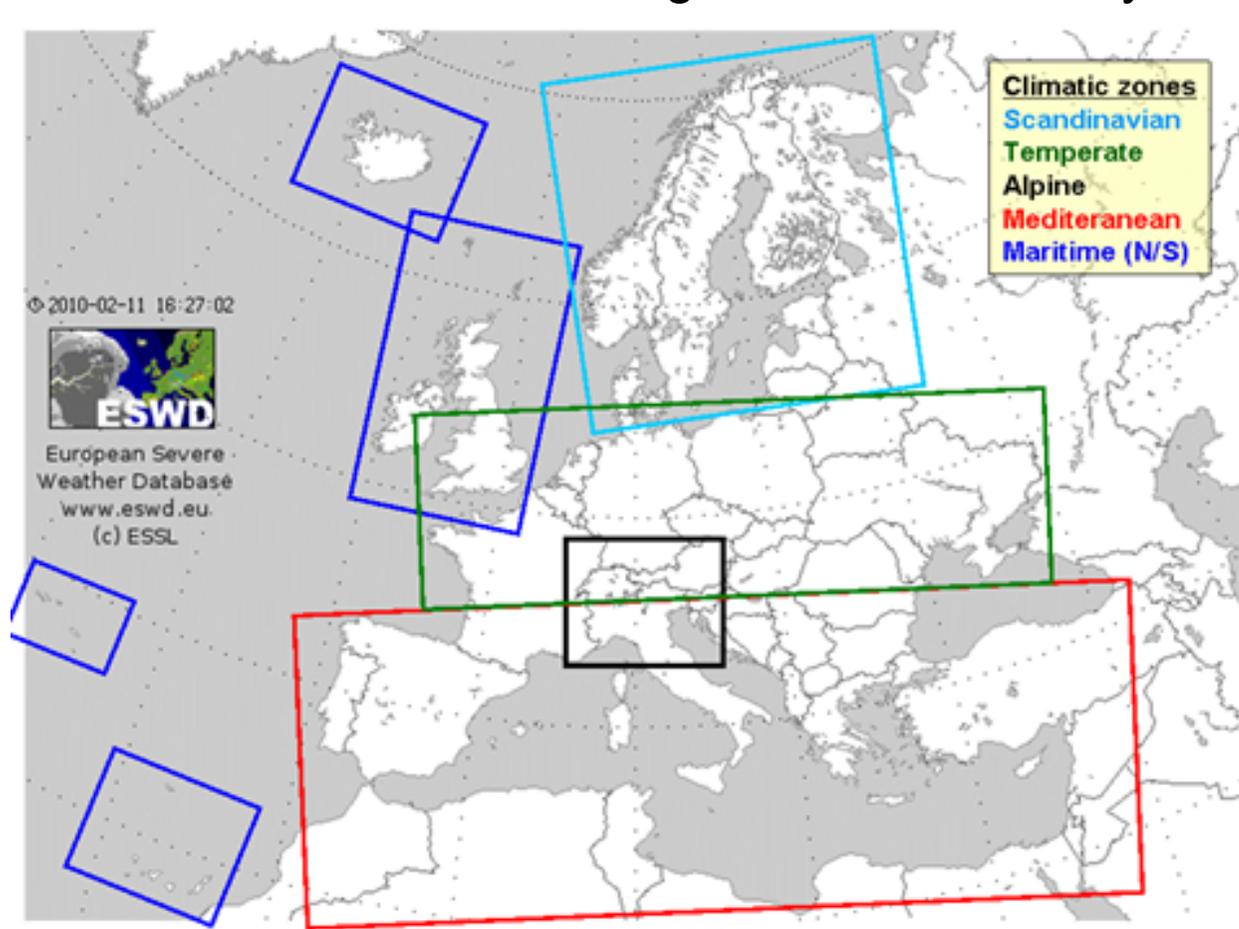
Temporal or long-lasting weather event

- A brief, high intensity event that causes immediate impacts
 - e.g storms, heavy rain, heavy snow
 - Damaged infrastructure, disruptions in transport flows.

- Slowly evolving weather events
 - e.g. long cold periods or heat waves
 - Delays of transportation system.

Classification of the climatologically similar European regions

- The classification was used as a ground for this study



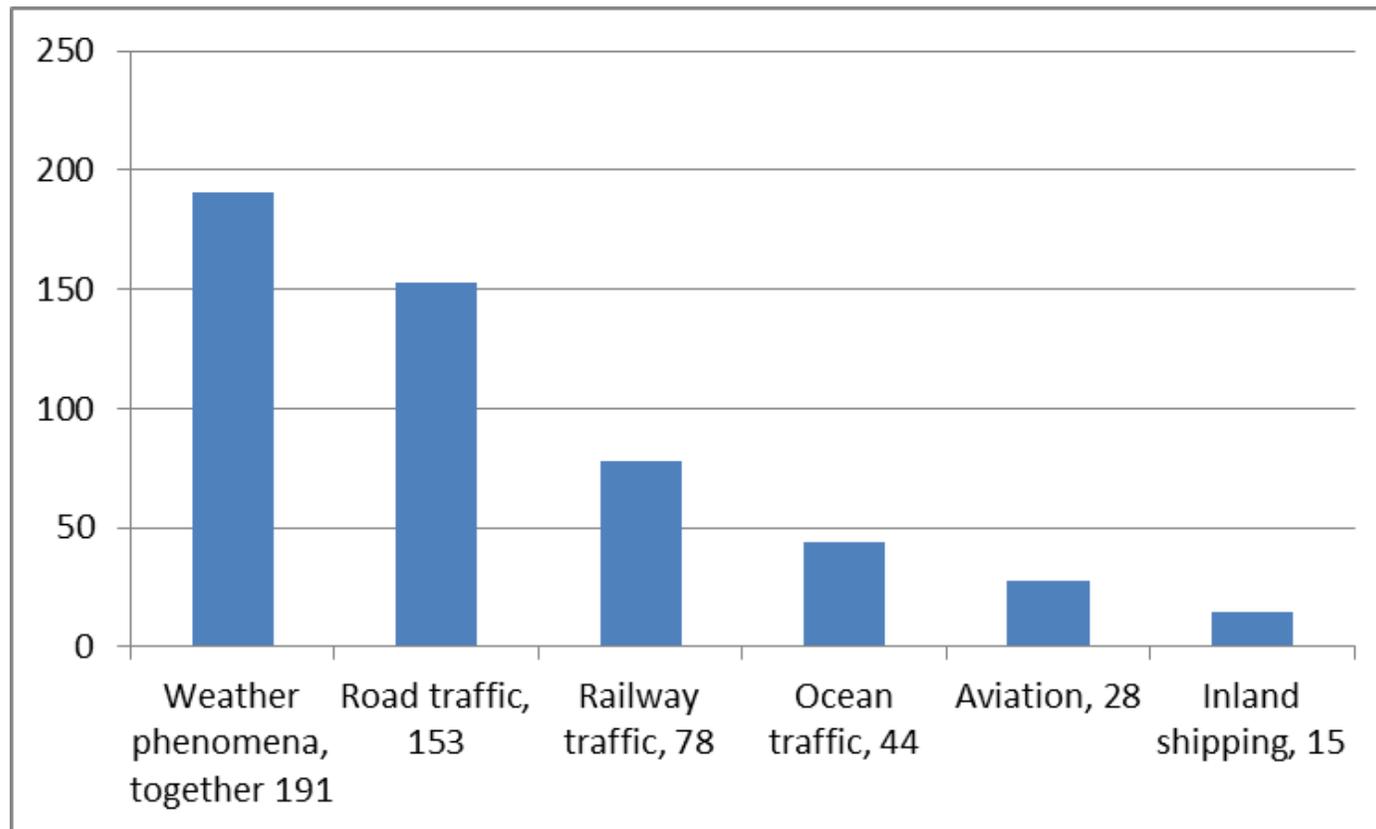
Reference ESSL

Content analysis of media data

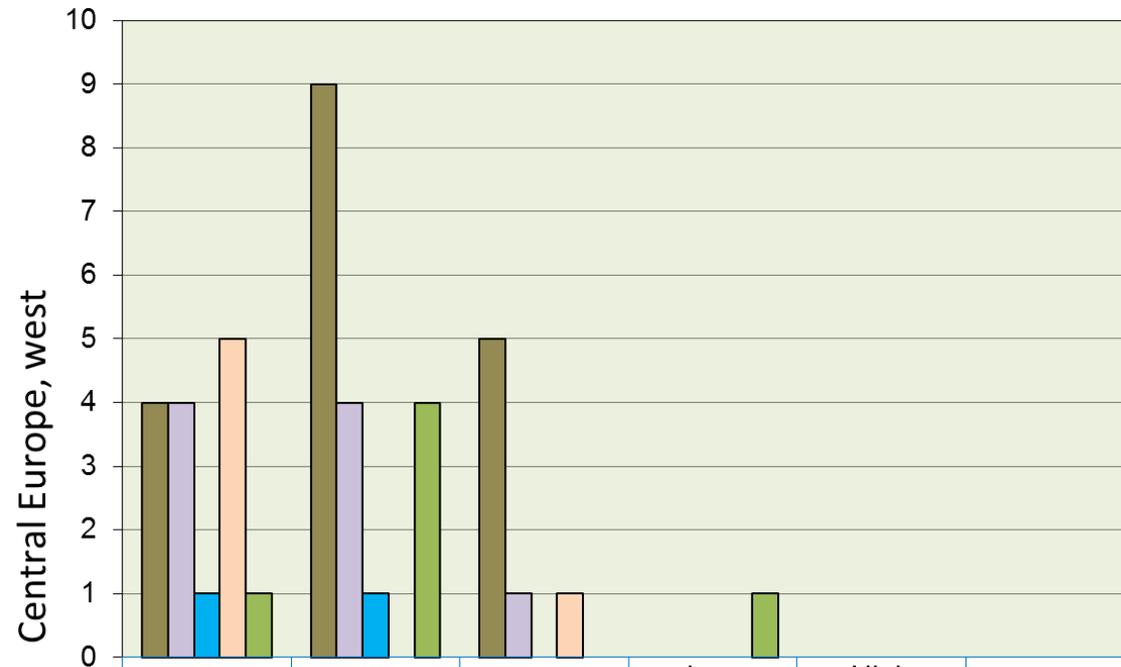
- What kind of weather is regarded as being extreme or adverse in different countries?
- A deeper insight into the disaster and its consequences from the injured society point of view
- The Europe-wide viewpoint made it necessary to compare the consequences in different parts of Europe
- Weather events in news were often exceptional by their nature

News data

- Media database include 191 different weather events (1.1.2000 –10.9.2010)
- 29 large autumn or winter storms (European-wide storms)

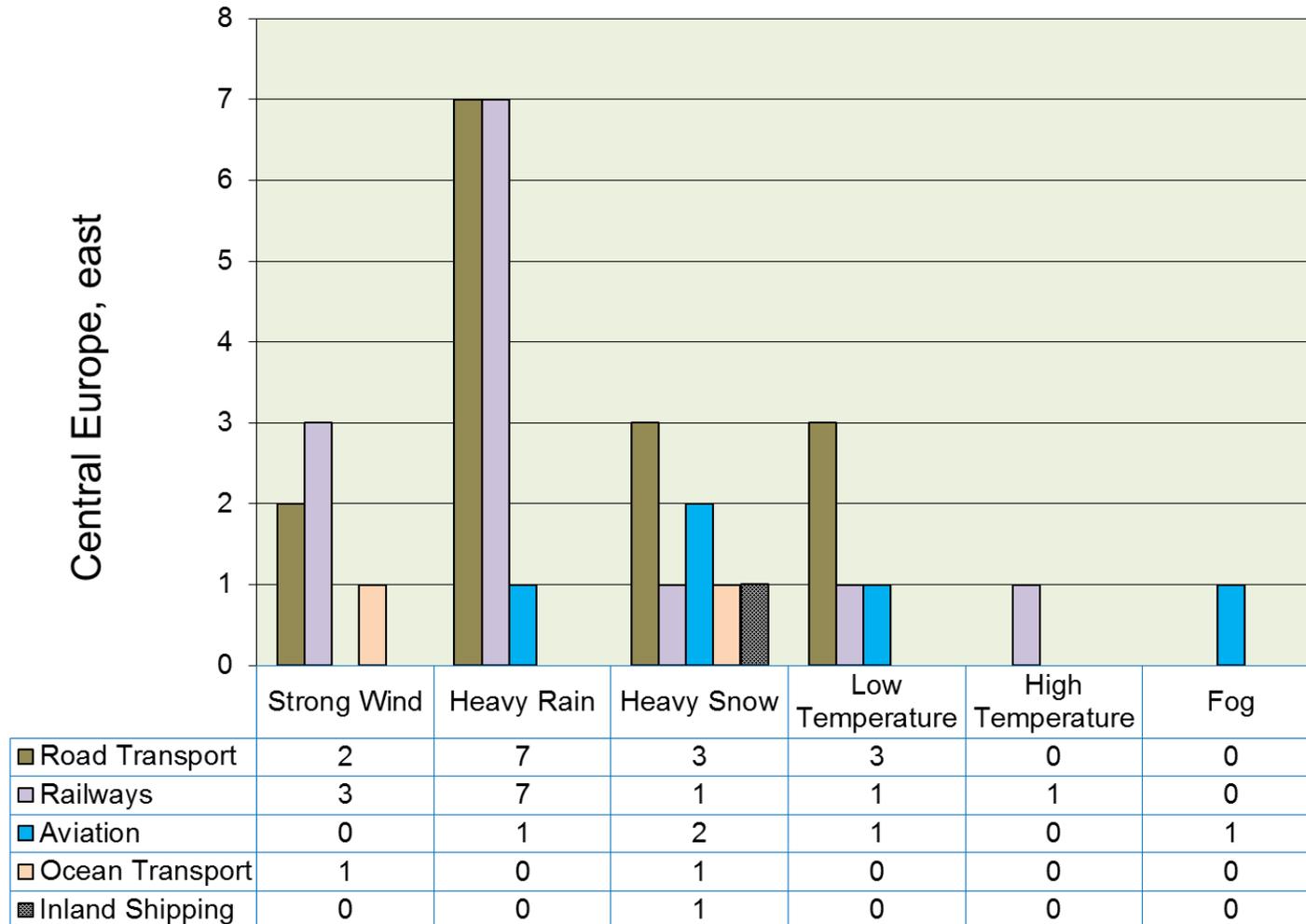


Western Central Europe

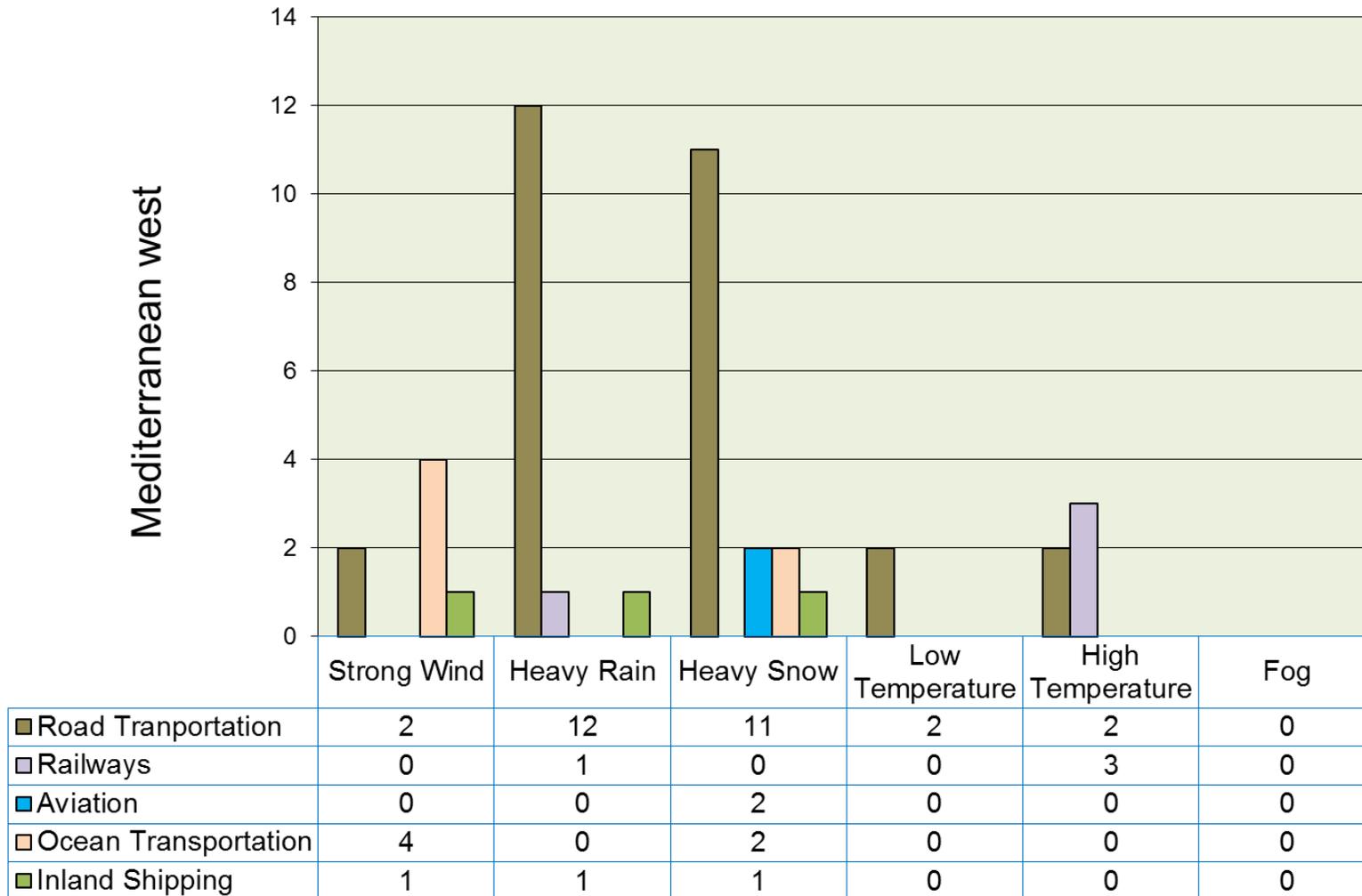


■ Road transport	4	9	5	0	0	0
■ Railways	4	4	1	0	0	0
■ Aviation	1	1	0	0	0	0
■ Ocean Transport	5	0	1	0	0	0
■ Inland Shipping	1	4	0	1	0	0

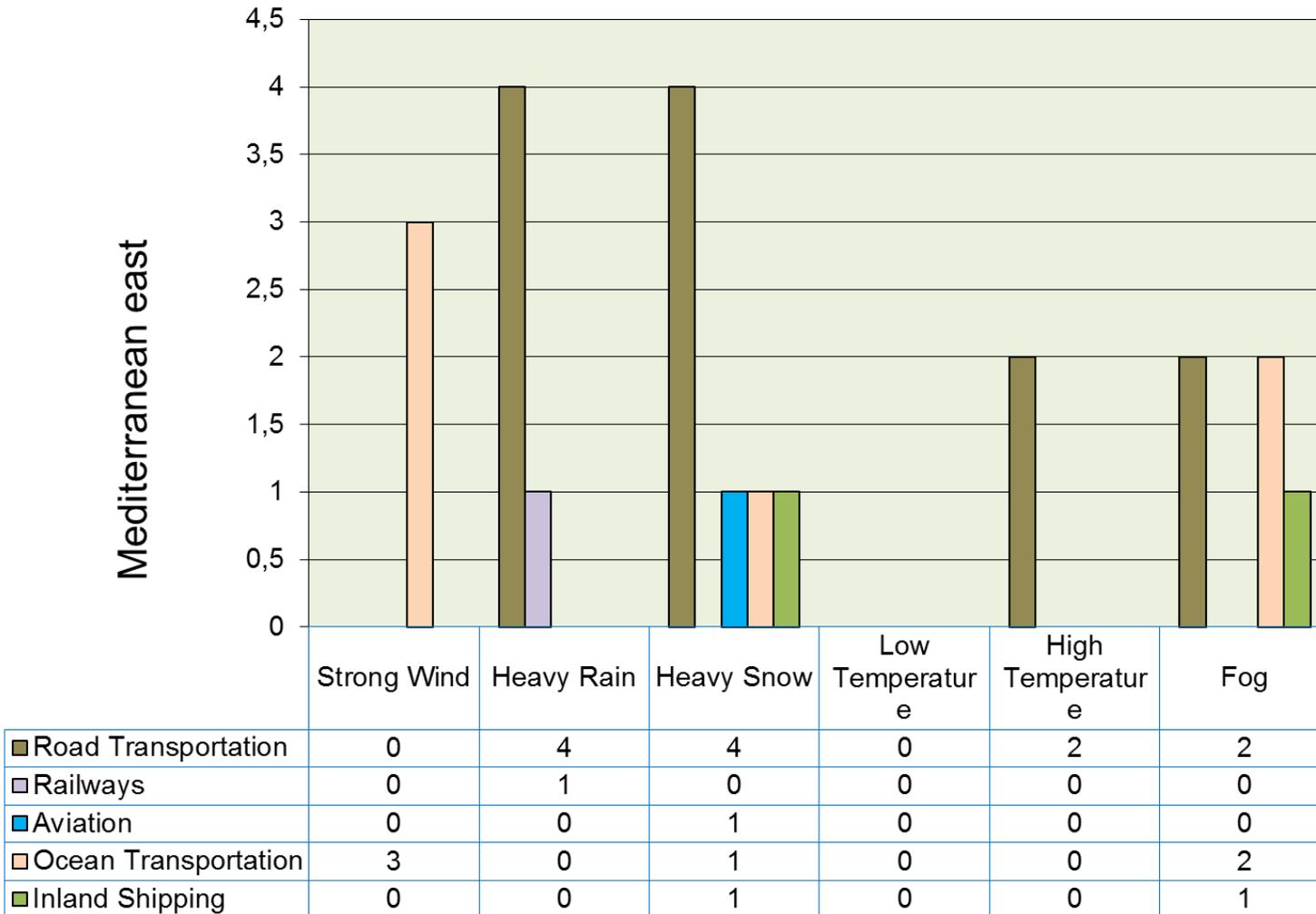
Eastern Central Europe



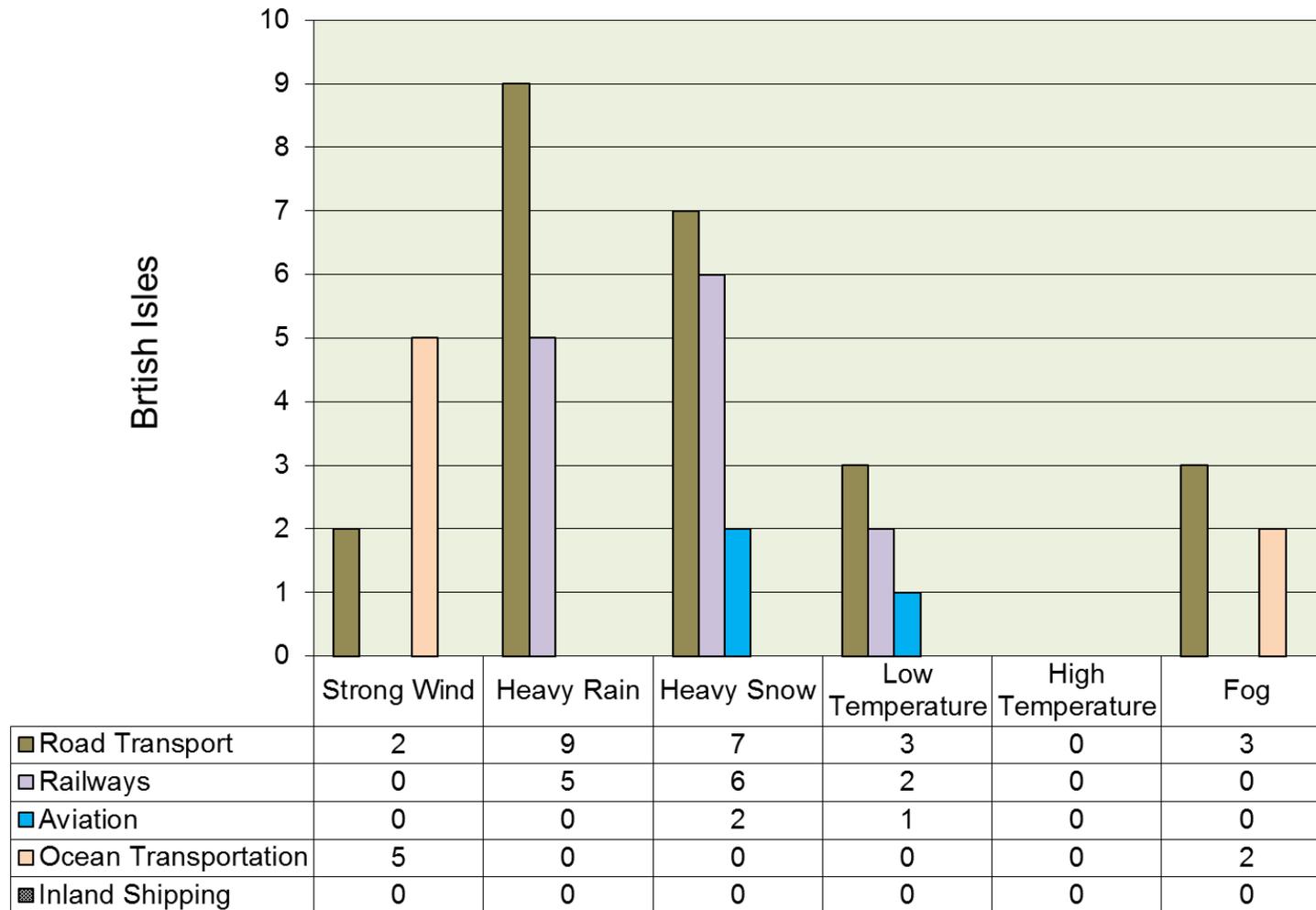
Western Mediterranean



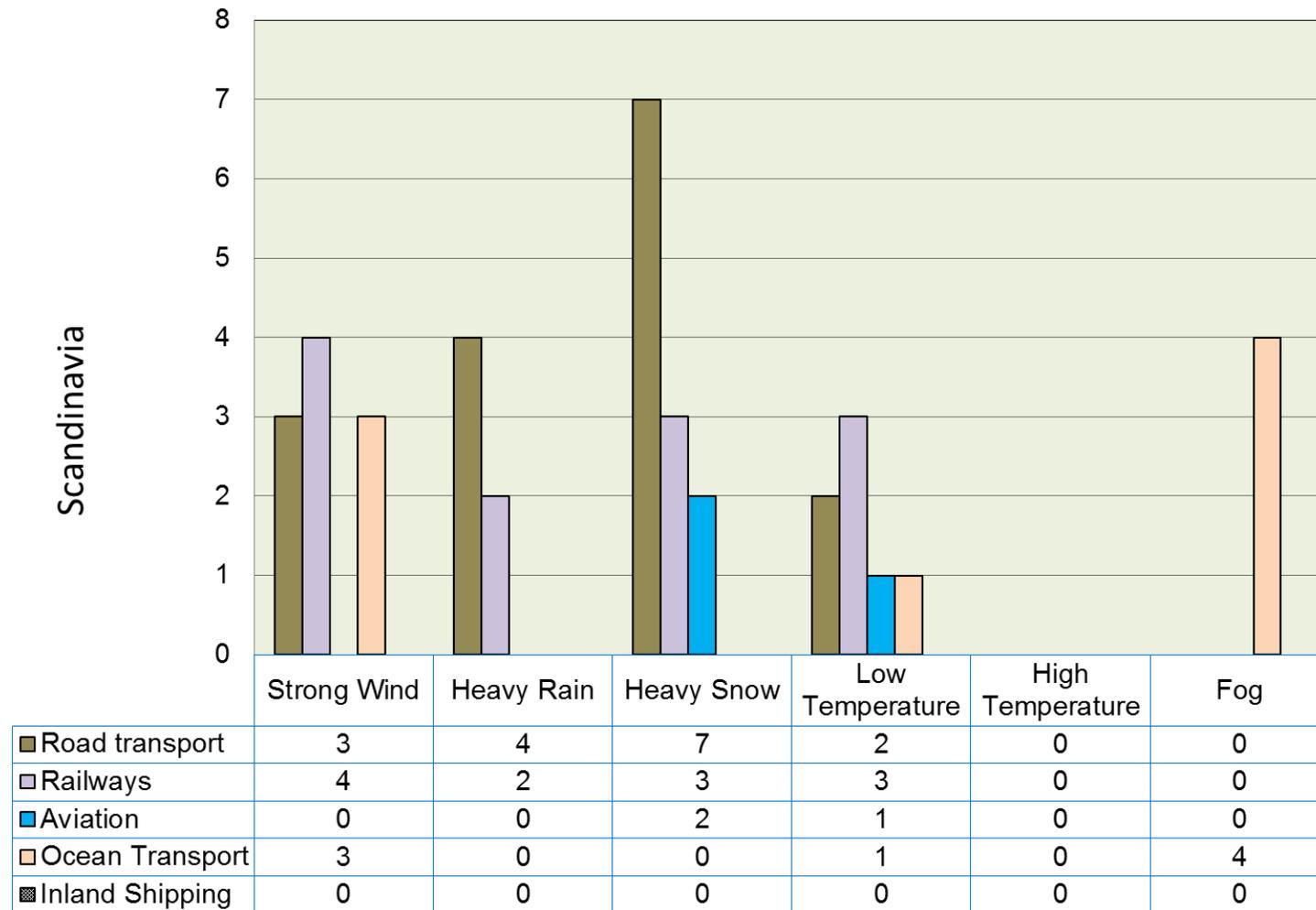
Eastern Mediterranean



British Isles



Scandinavia



Conclusions

- "Extreme events" are not the same in different parts of Europe.
- According to this study, the most harmful phenomenon is heavy rain, and road transportation system is most affected by it.
- The second harmful phenomenon is heavy snow, especially in Scandinavian, but also in British Isles and in Central part of Europe.
- Strong winds are affecting road and rail transportation systems, and the impacts on road and rail systems seem to be more often noted than on aviation.
- Aviation seems to be more resilient mode of the transportation than the usual media image would lead to believe.

Thank you for your attention!



JAANA KERÄNEN
Research Scientist, M.Sc. (Tech.)
Risk Management

Tel. +358 20 722 3360
Mobile +358 400 512 336
Fax +358 20 722 3499
Email jaana.keranen@vtt.fi

VTT TECHNICAL RESEARCH CENTRE OF FINLAND
Tekniikkankatu 1, Tampere
P.O. Box 1300
FI-33101 Tampere, Finland

www.vtt.fi



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