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3 - 7 October 2011

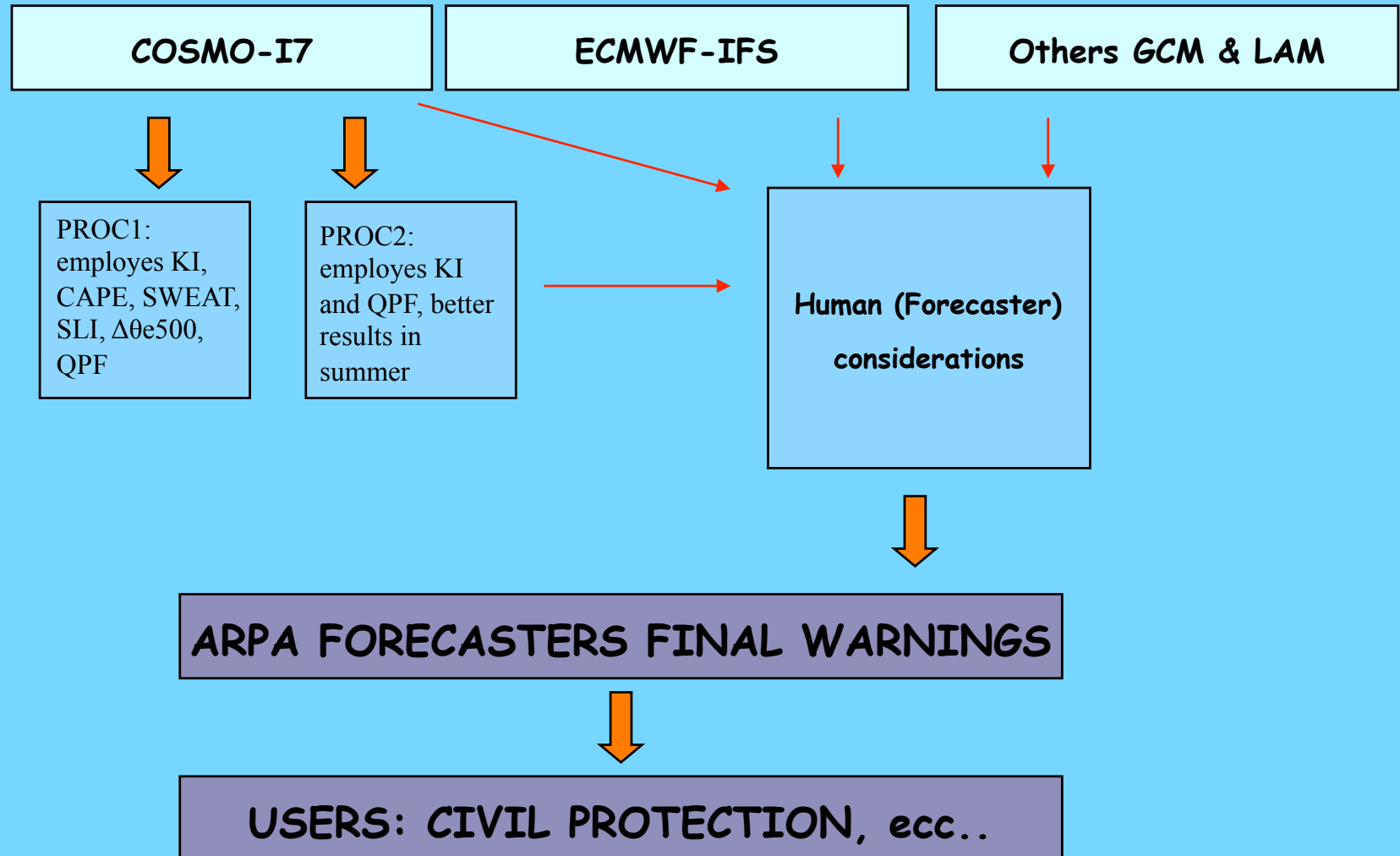


Operational forecast of thunderstorms over Piemonte region: verification and past cases re-forecasts

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Thunderstorm Forecasting Operational Chain





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Thunderstorm Forecasting over Piemonte Region



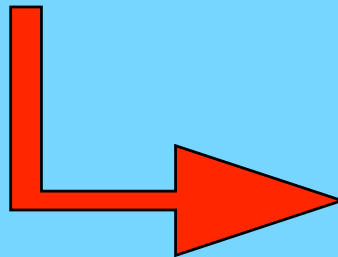
- 11 Alert Areas
- 36 h Warnings



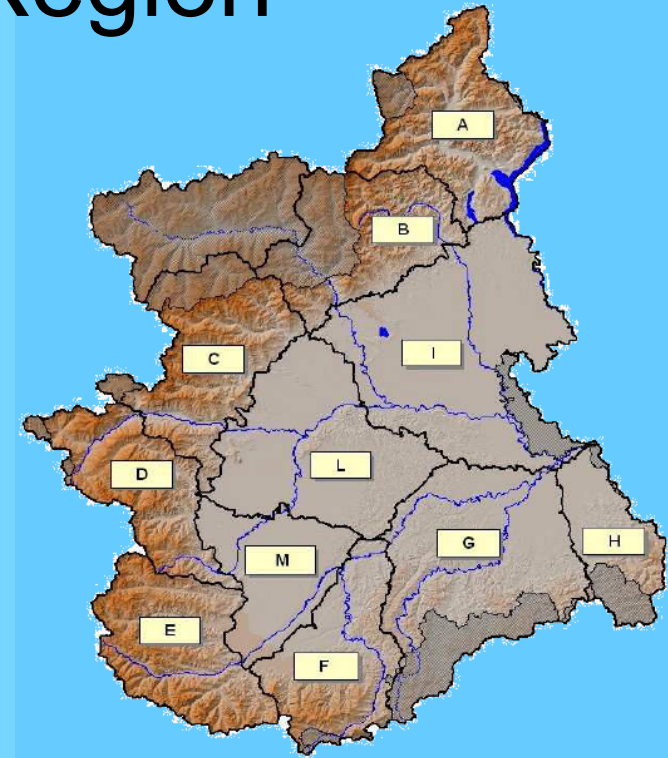
Moderate Probability



High Probability



Warning over the area



- Observed Thunderstorm “yes” if QPF exceeds over an area 25mm/1h or 40 mm/3h with at least 1 lightning over the same area



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How much our methods are
reliable in forecasting
Thunderstorms? (COSMO-17
model and Post-Processing
Procedures in particular)

How good and how much
improvable are our operational
forecasts?



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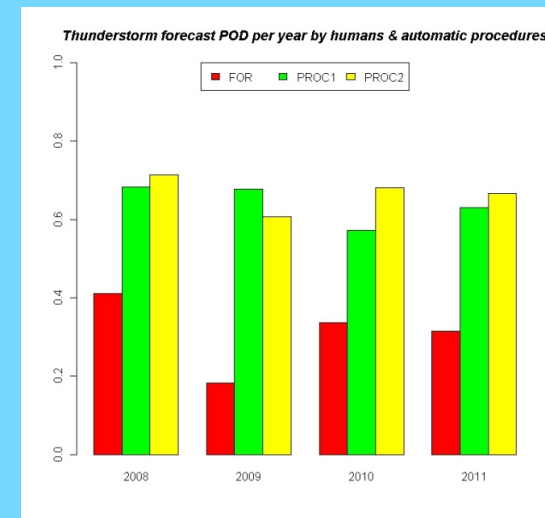
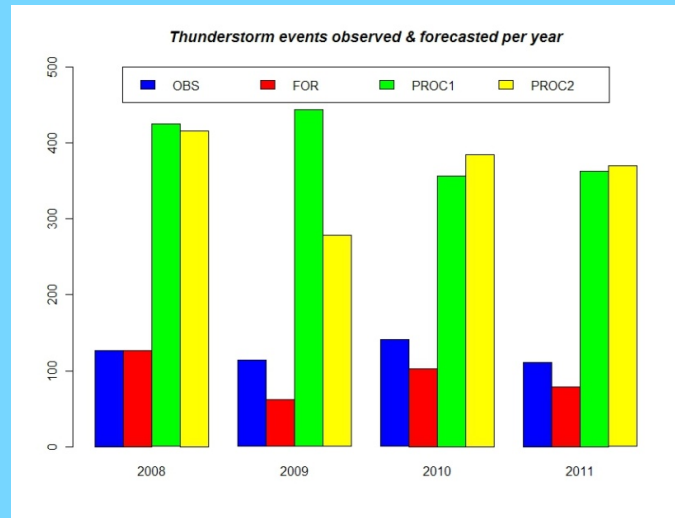


COSMO-I7 derived Post-Proc. Procedures vs. Human Forecasts



Number of events/alerts

POD



- Human Alerts: POD~0.4 , BIAS~0.8
- Automatic Alerts: POD~0.7 , BIAS~3
- Forecasters follow COSMO-I7 and the Post Proc. Procedures, heavily decreasing BIAS (and POD, as direct consequence)
- No significant improvement in the last 4 years
- Human Warnings better over the North



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Investigating the problem: Re-Forecasting 10 Significant Cases



1. 13/7/2008 – Heavy Hail and 1 casualty – some MA
2. 13/9/2008 – Hail and small tornado TO-Plains
3. 6/6/2009 – Hail and small tornado E-Plains
4. 5/7/2009 – Heavy Thunderstorms not Forecasted
5. 7/7/2009 – Some Light Thunderstorms, many FA
6. 23/8/2009 – Severe Thund, small tornado – MA
7. 19/6/2010 – Heavy Thund. And heavy hail over Turin
8. 24/7/2010 – Light Showers, many False Alarms
9. 11/8/2010 – Many Missed Alarms
10. 20/8/2010 – False Alarms on the plains, spatial error



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The Game: Internal Web Page for Forecasters



Microsoft Excel - Temporali_output [Sola lettura]

File Modifica Visualizza Inserisci Formato Strumenti Dati Finestra ?

Protezione...

H30

ALLERTE PER TEMPORALI	
A	2
B	2
C	2
D	0
E	0
F	1
G	1
H	2
I	2
L	1
M	0

Preci Massime previste in 6h

CASO:

MODELLI:

Scegli tra ECM, NUD, PP

0: light/no thunderstorms

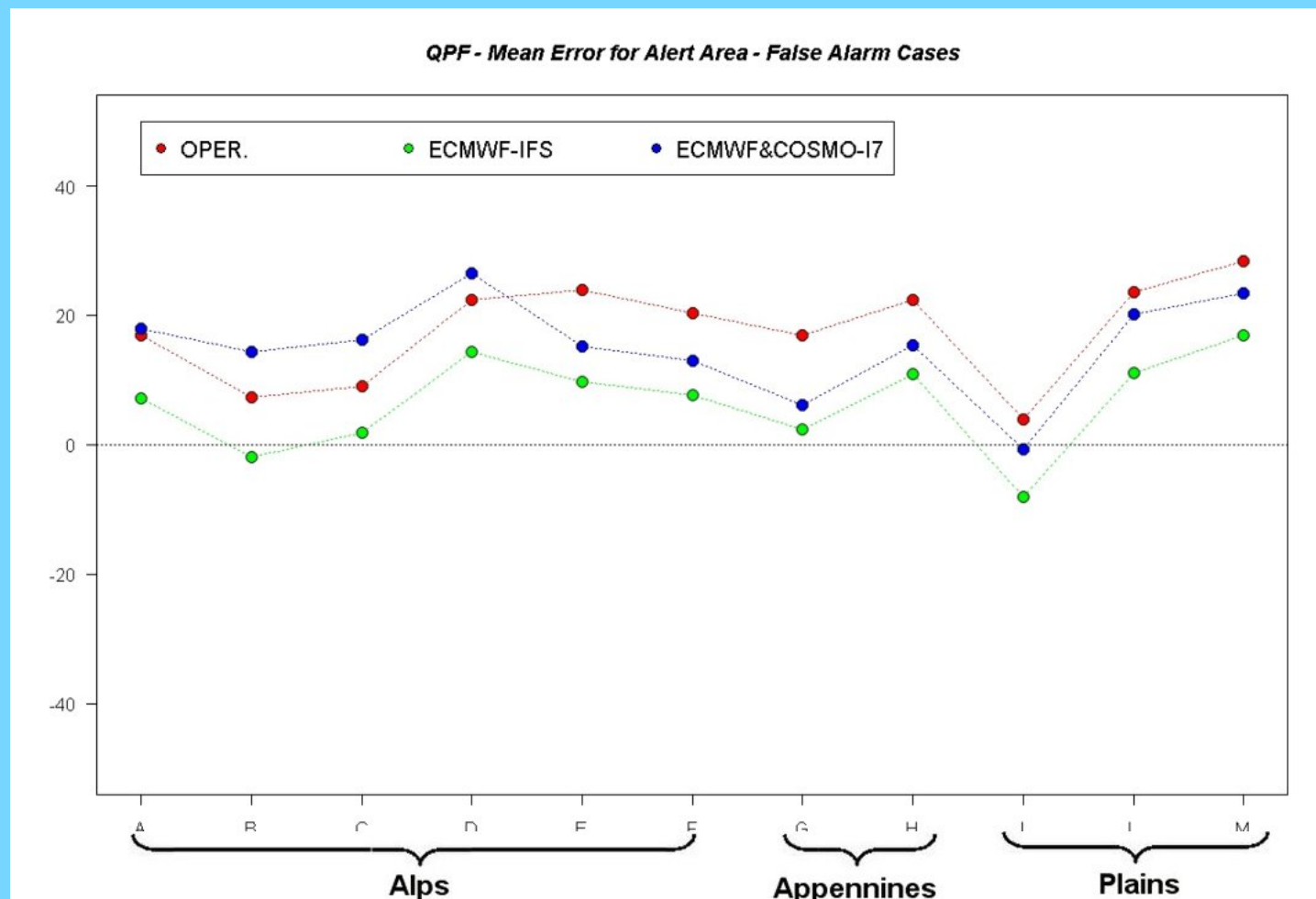
1: moderate thunderstorms

2: severe thunderstorms (Warning)

pioggia

Pronto

QPF – Mean Error Analysis





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QPF Analysis –Results

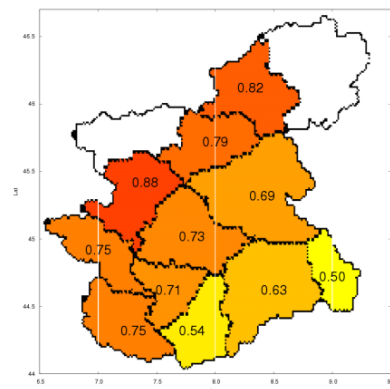
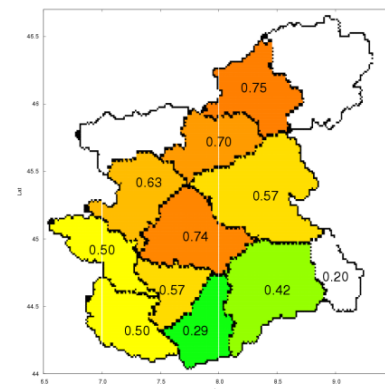
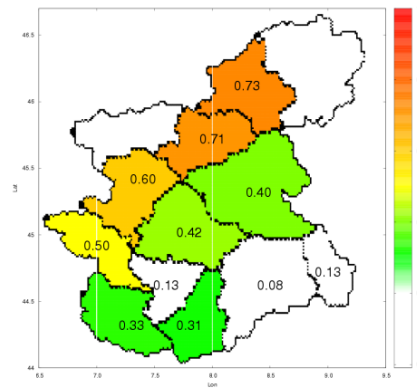


- ✓ Generally, QPF underestimation prevailed in re-forecasts (as in operational context)
- ✓ Light improvement of the ECMWF+COSMO re-forecast, and minimal signals of worsening
- ✓ Operational forecasts tend to underestimate the precipitation (cautiously), and forecasters that used ECMWF & COSMO-I7 fields in the game forecasted more rain than usual, showing over most areas slightly better results
- ✓ ECMWF-IFS re-forecasts tended to underestimate the most, and showed improvements only for the “selected” False Alarms cases.

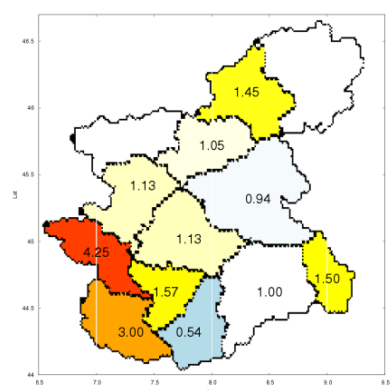
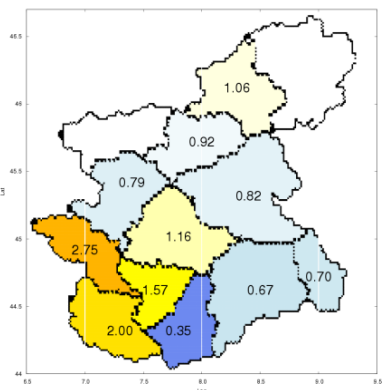
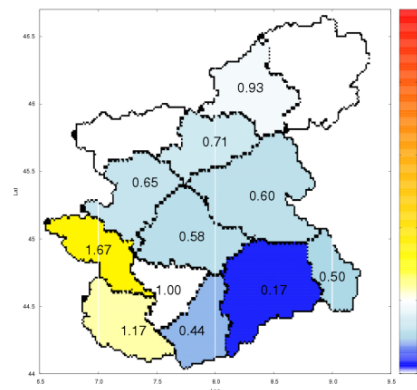
Alerts – Analysis



POD



BIAS



Re-Forecasting
with: ECMWF-IFS:
Av. POD= 0.42
Av. BIAS= 0.65

ECM + COSMO-I7:
Av. POD= 0.54
Av. BIAS= 0.92

ECM + C-I7 + Post-Pr.:
Av. POD= 0.71
Av. BIAS= 1.24



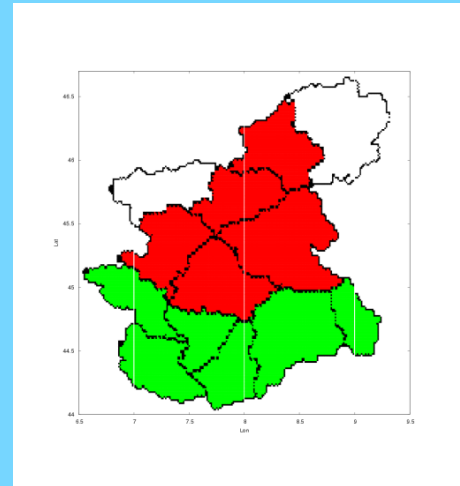
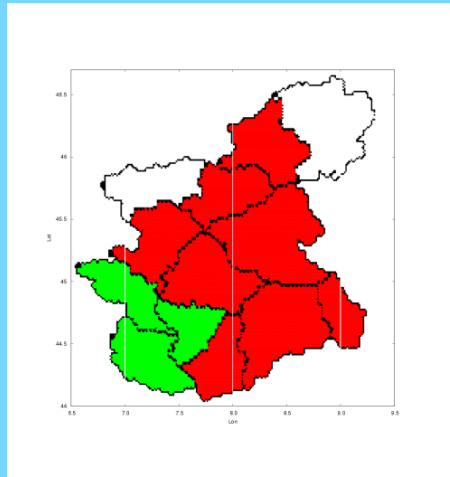
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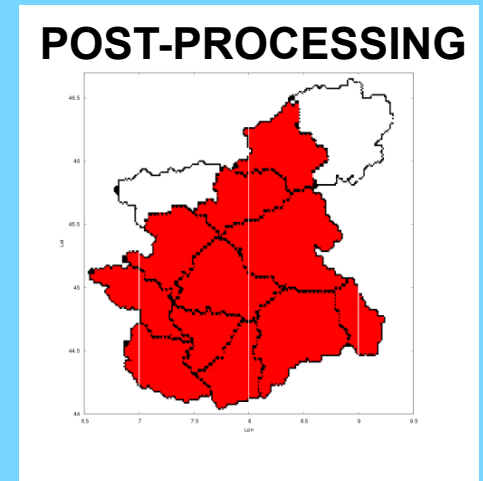
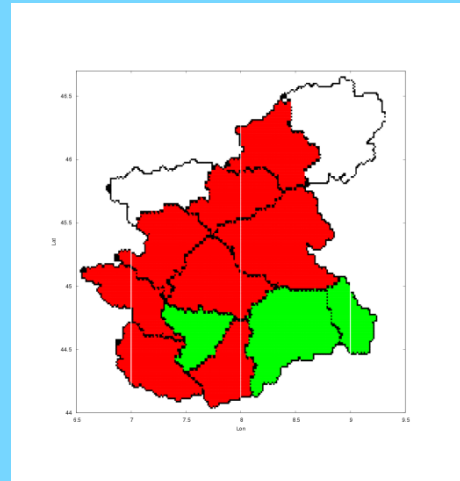
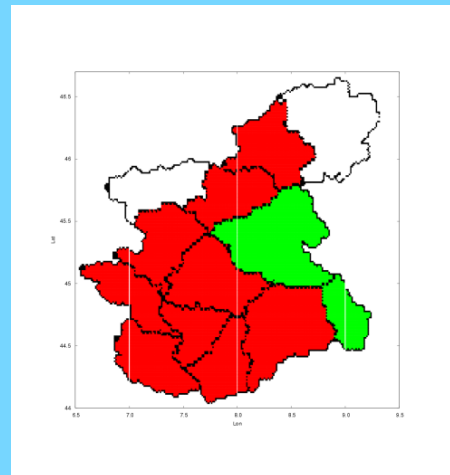
Alerts – Case by Case Analysis



Case 1 – Severe Thunderstorm – Some Missed Alarms



Case 2 – Severe Thunderstorm





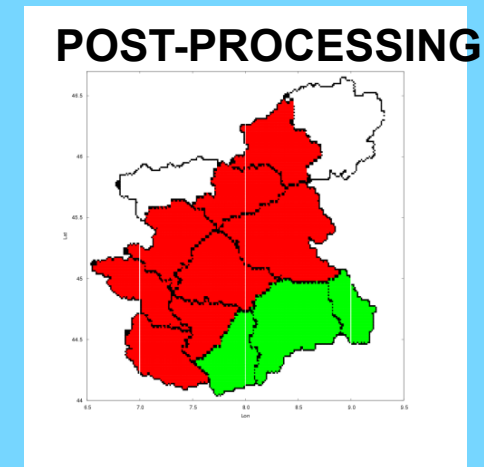
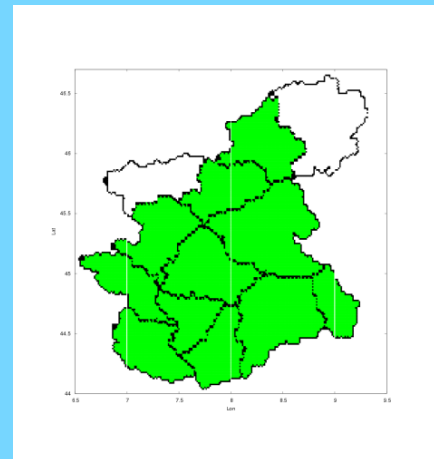
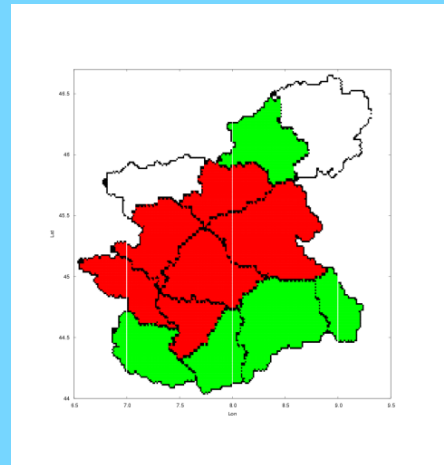
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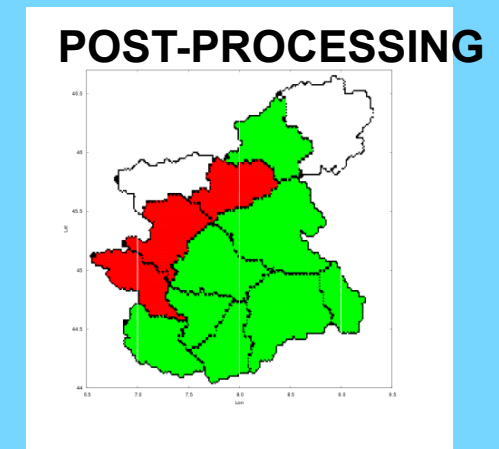
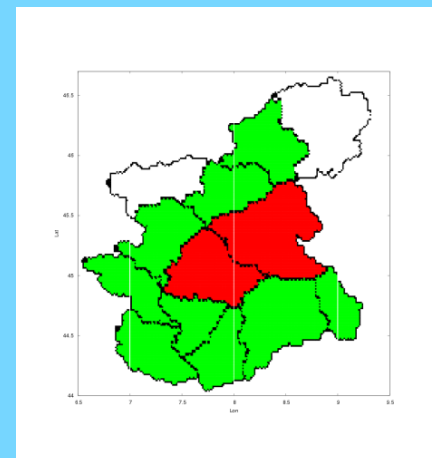
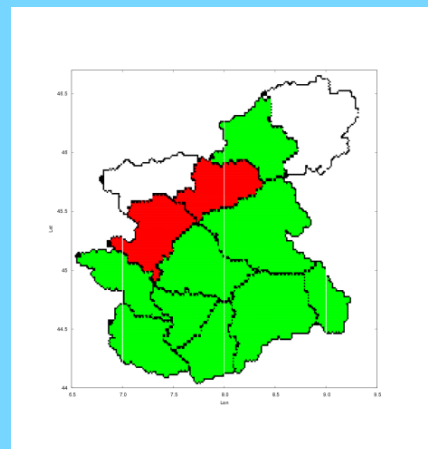
Alerts – Case by Case Analysis



Case 9 – Missed Alarms



Case 10 – Spatial Error





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Alerts – Results



- Post processings seemed to help forecasters in improving performances in re-forecasting: the POD went from around 0.5 to around 0.7, with a correlated moderate BIAS increase;
- ECMWF-IFS alone alerts simulation have been unexpectedly good, obviously with low POD (0.4);
- Around 47% of total re-forecasts improved operational ones, while 45% were worser (the rest were equivalent)
- Only 39% Post Processing re-forecasts were worser
- This means that operational forecasts are still improvable with a deeper analysis



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Causes of Error in Operational Forecasts:



1. (Too strong) Correlation with End-Users: interfacing Civil Protection Managers may cause Forecasters to be cautious in issuing alerts and sometimes to change their warning intentions
2. Persistence: “Yesterday” Forecast Errors can bias and cause opposite Errors in “Today” Forecasts – not in the simulation
3. More time dedicated to Thunderstorm Forecasting in the re-forecast with respect to the operational context
4. Warning Areas too small: verification results would be better if we consider to alert or not the whole region; is models spatial accuracy in positioning thunderstorms greater than Warning areas dimension?



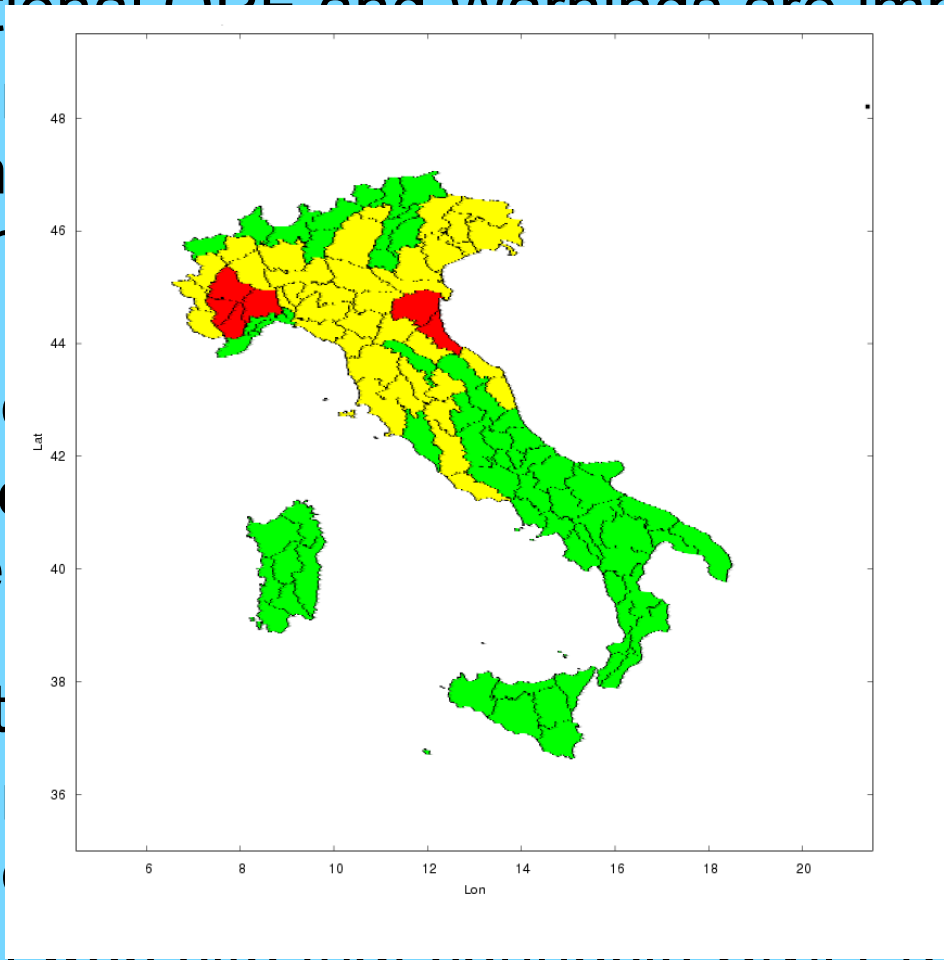
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Conclusions and future steps



- Operational OPE and Warnings are improvable
- Post-POD analysis is more useful than POD analysis
- Future steps: trying to improve POD and POD analysis
- Need to develop better methods to detect higher POD (better than current methods)
- Post-POD analysis: extend internal web site that connects Civil Protection Regional Centres --→ Verification





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Thank you
for your attention





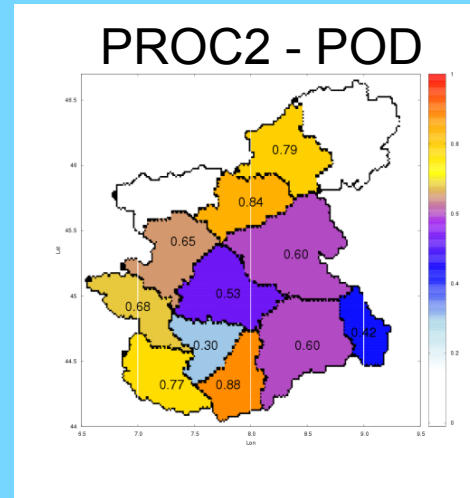
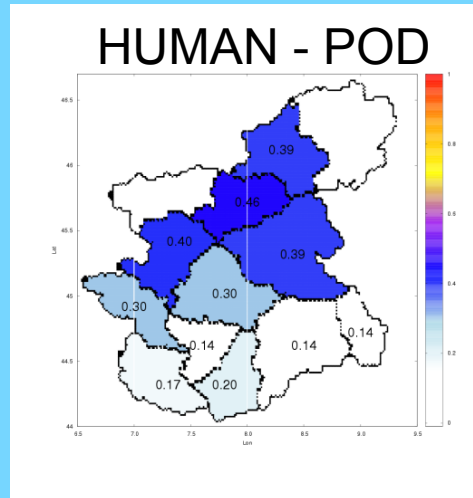
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COSMO-I7 derived Post-Proc. Procedures vs. Human



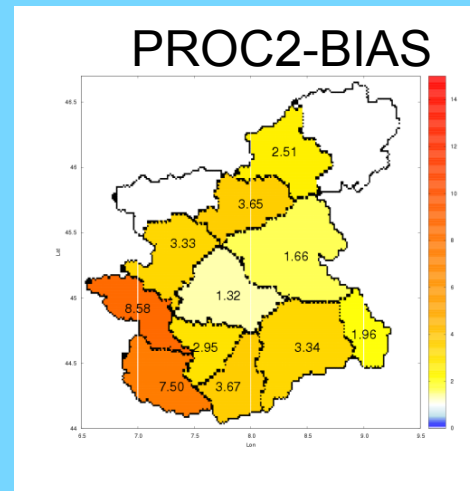
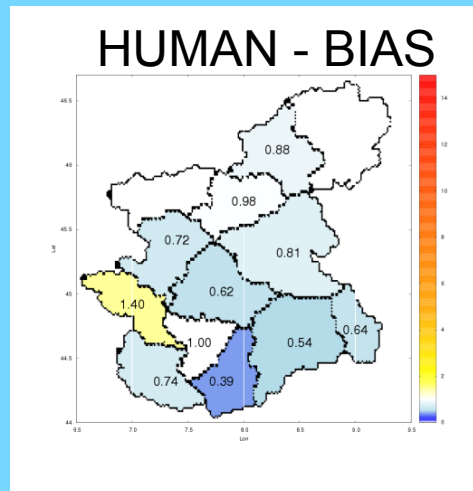
Forecasts



✓ Human Warnings better over the North

✓ Automatic POD better over the Alps

✓ Automatic Procedures Overestimation from 1.5 (plains) to 8 (Western Alps)

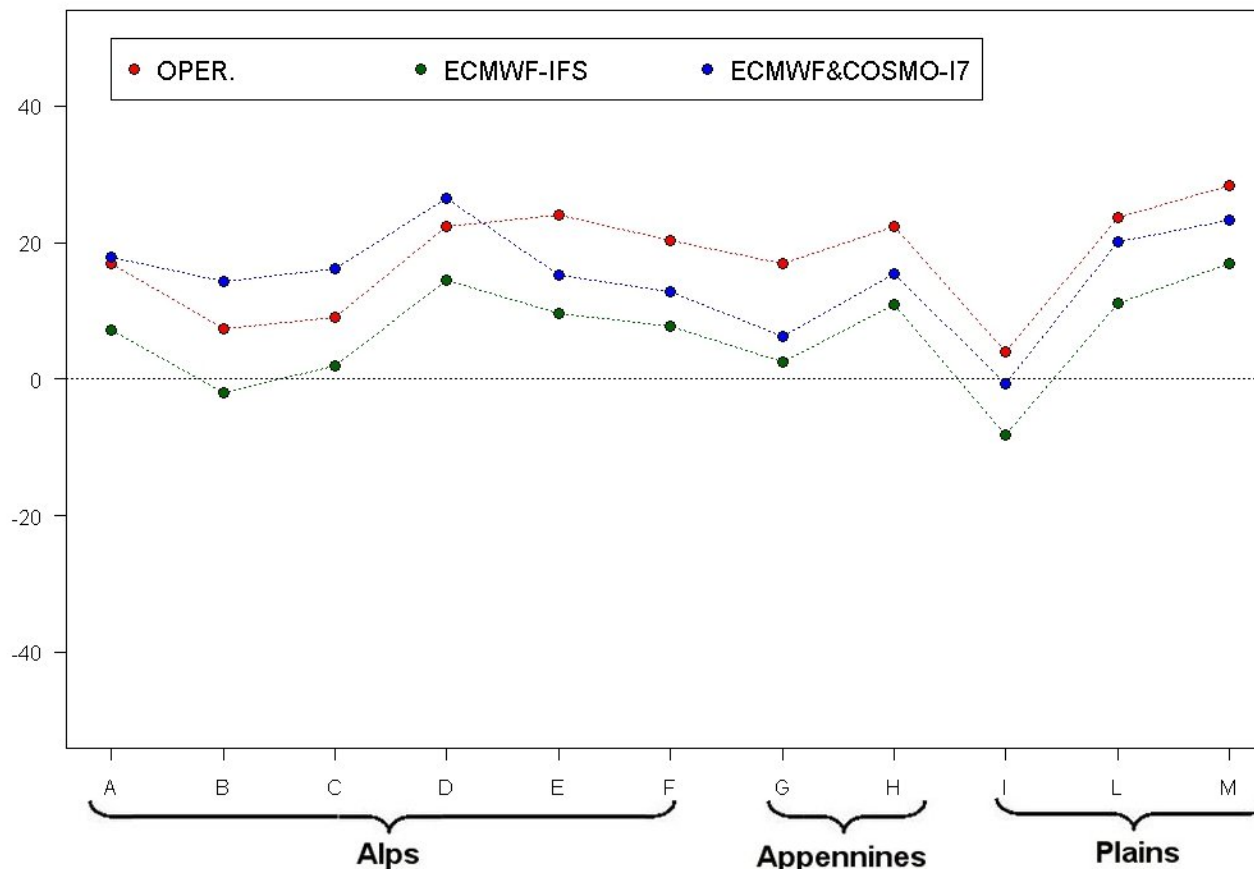


✓ Forecasters followed COSMO-I7 and the Post Proc. Procedures, but heavily decreasing BIAS (and POD, as direct consequence)

QPF – Mean Error Analysis



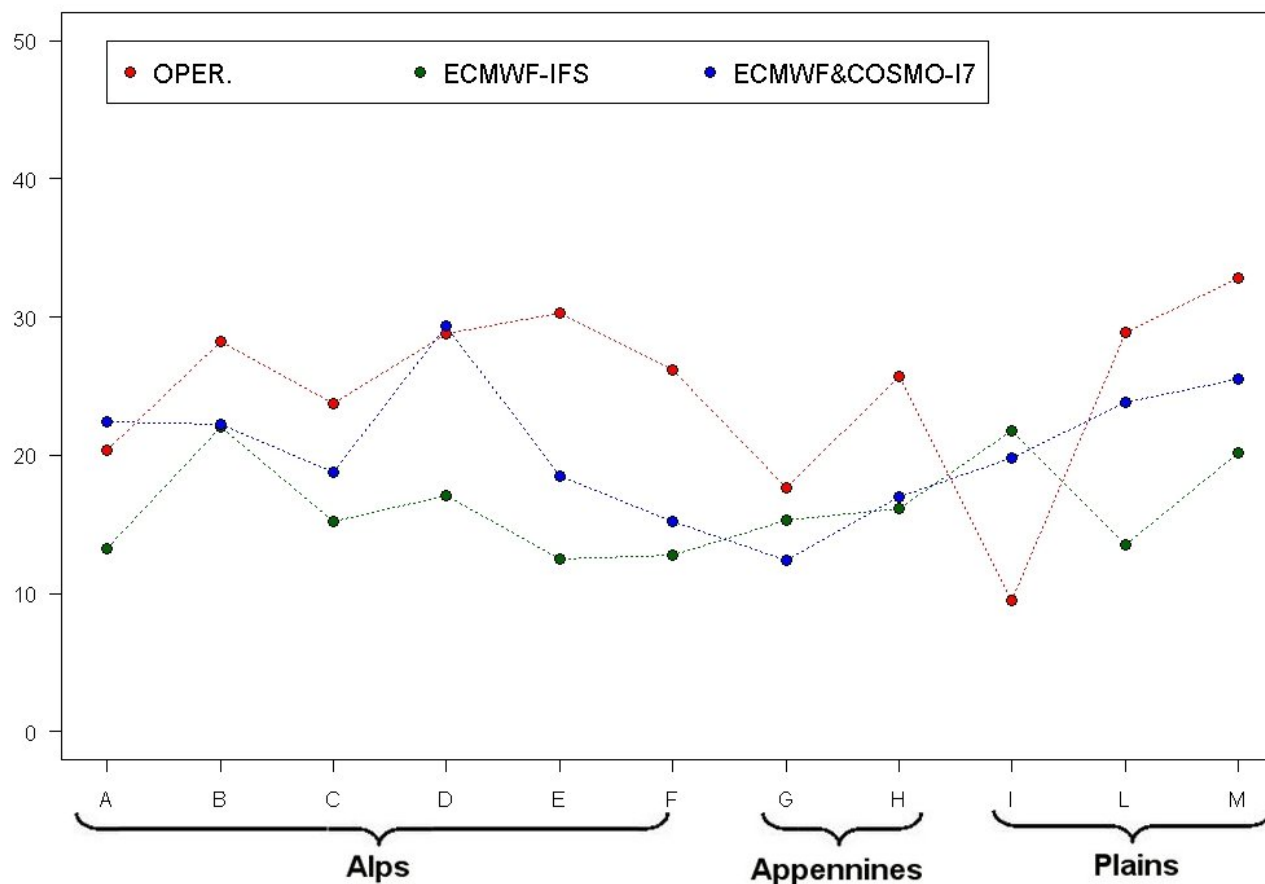
QPF - Mean Error for Alert Area - False Alarms



QPF – RMSE Analysis



QPF - Root Mean Squared Error for Alert Area - False Alarms





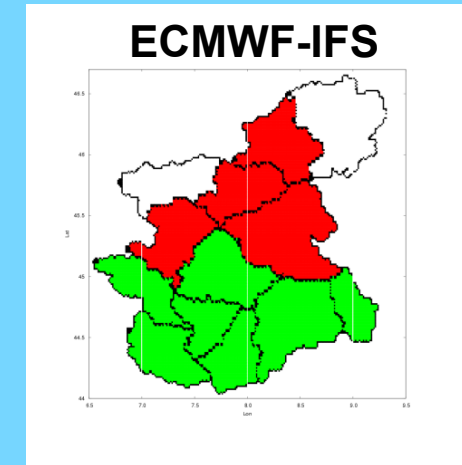
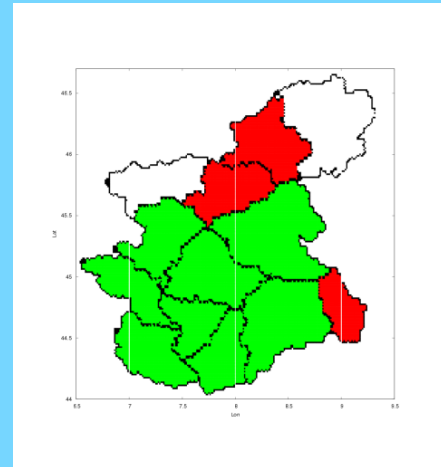
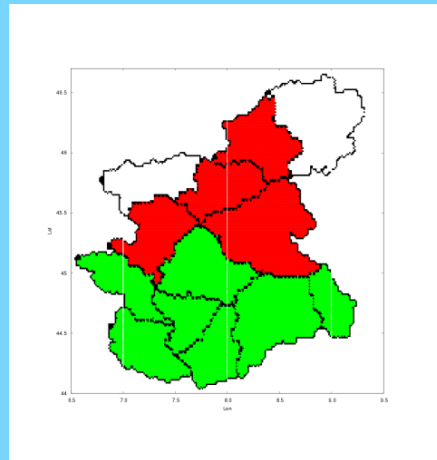
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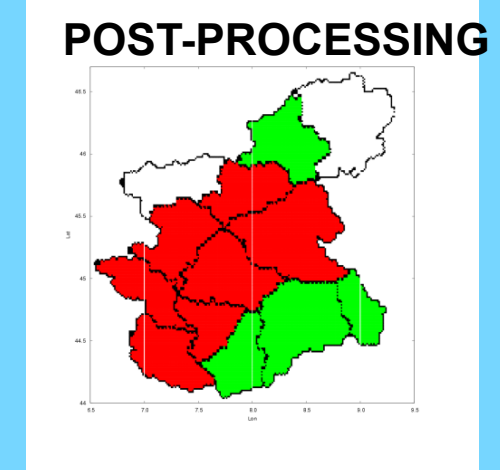
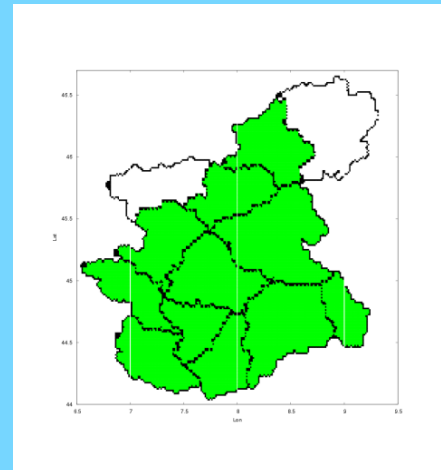
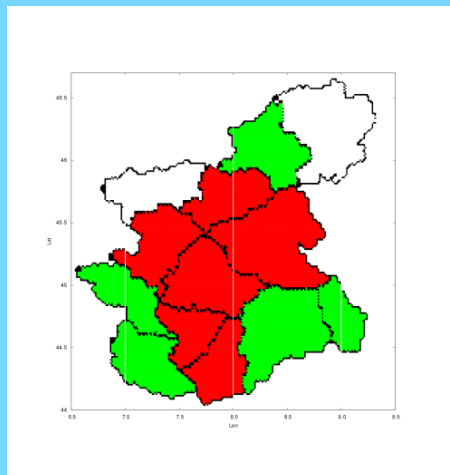
Alerts – Case by Case



Analysis Case 3 – Severe Thunderstorms



Case 4 – Missed Alarms





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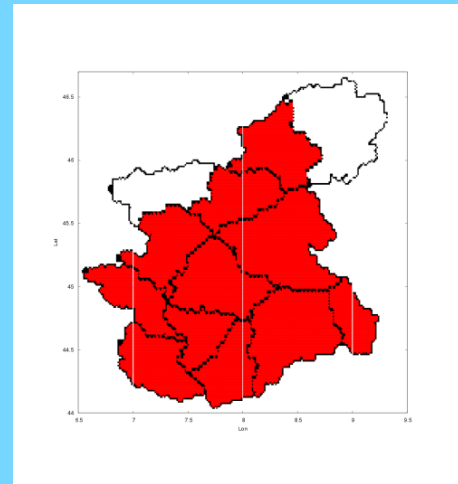
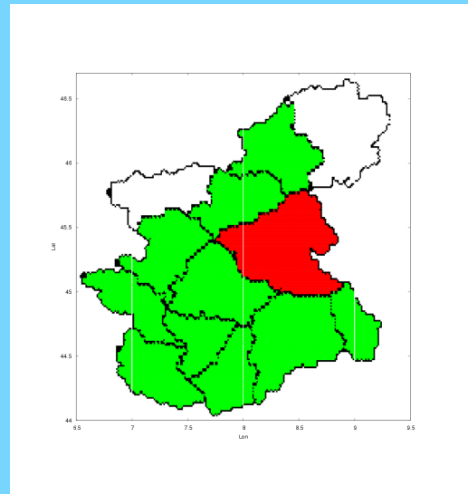


Alerts – Case by Case

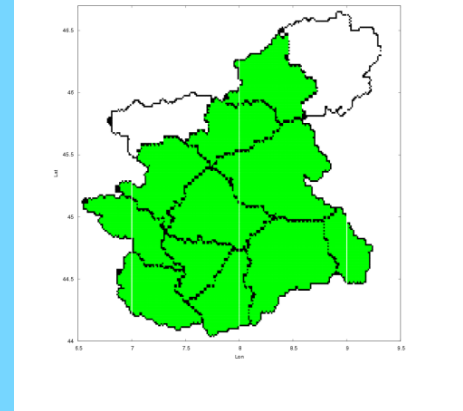


Analysis

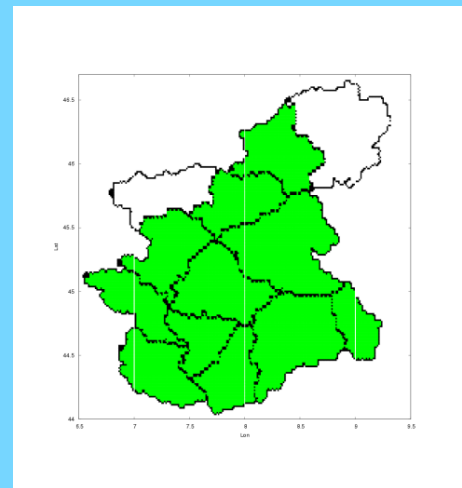
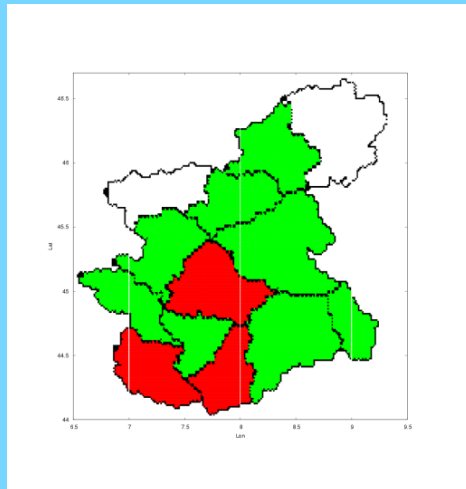
Case 5 – False Alarms



COSMO-I7 & ECMWF-IFS



Case 6 – Missed Alarms





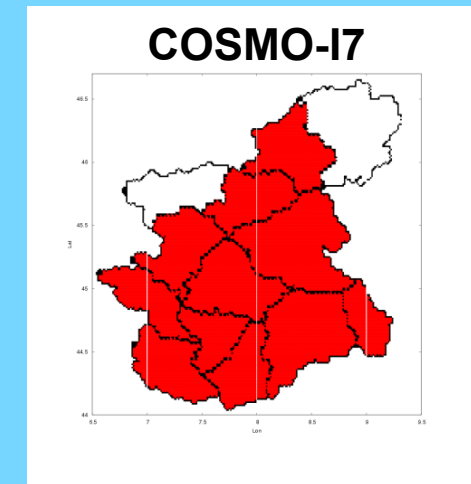
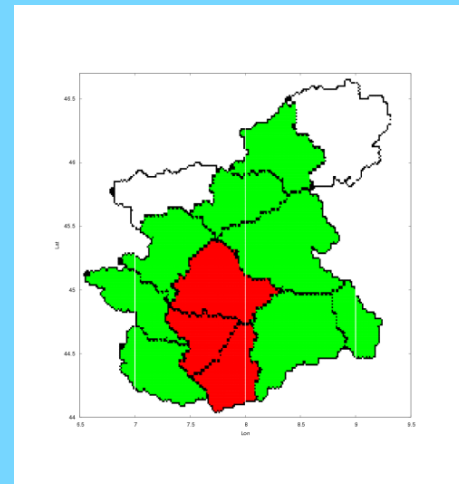
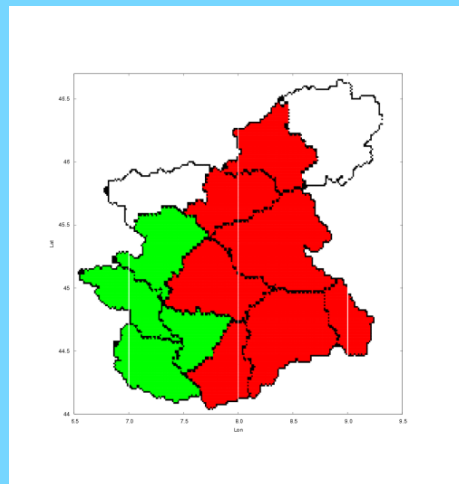
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Alerts – Case by Case



Analysis Case 7 – Severe Thunderstorm – Missed Alarm



Case 8 – False Alarms

